GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 100⅝; closed firm at 101.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed yesterday in New York at 11⅜. No Liverpool market.

THE Signal Service Bureau report indicates for to-day in Georgia, rising possibly followed by falling barometer, light to fresh variable winds, and clear or partly cloudy and warmer weather.

Head Notes of Decisions.

The pamphlet of the head notes of the decisions of the January Term, 1878, of the Supreme Court is now out and ready for delivery to all parties desiring it. Price, One Dollar per copy.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

VOL. X. ATLANTA, GA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1878. NO 334

UP IN A BALLOON.

THE CONSISTENT POSITION OF MR. STEPHENS.

If the Convention Nominates him, He Will Abide by it; but if it Name Some One Else, then Aleck will Consider Himself the Victim of a Brutum Fulmen, or Something of that Kind.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Hon. Alexander H Stephens has written a letter to the chairman of the democratic executive committee of the eighth congressional district of Georgia, in which he says he shall

NEITHER SEEK NOR DECLINE

a nomination at the hands of the convention soon to meet, but if, he says, "the convention shall repudiate me

AS AN UNFIT REPRESENTATIVE

of democratic principles, and shall attempt to rule me out of the democratic a , because of anything connected with my re cent public acts or sentiments, then I t you and to them, plainly and distinctly, that I shall regard their edict as but a brutum fulmen issued by

AN IRRESPONSIBLE FACTION OF TRICKSTERS

and the question whether I or they are sound in the faith of the fathers shall be left for the true democracy of the district to be

SETTLED AT THE POLLS.

If this shall produce any discussion o' issension in the party, then the responsib y for the consequences must rest upon those who have so assailed and so grossly misrepresented me."

SENTENCED TO SWING.

Mike Shaw, the Baldwin Wife-Murderer, Sentenced Again—He Attempts Suicide.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

MILLEDGEVILLE, June 11.

Mike Shaw, the wife murderer, was re-sentenced to-day, and this evening swallowed strychnine in his cell. He was fearfully convulsed, but there is hope for his life. He was sentenced to hang on July 12. He is desperately game.

Tandy Stegall's Death.

Mr. Tandy Stegall died from a fit of appoplexy Monday night last in the store of Mr. Kilby on Marietta street. The deceased entered the store shortly before nine o'clock, and after asking the price of sugar and coffee, requested Mr. Kilby to put up a dollar's worth of each. Mr. Kilby says that he noticed that the deceased was partially intoxicated while he was tying up the packages of coffee and sugar. Just as he was about to hand the two bundles to Mr. Stegall a negro boy entered the store and stated that he wanted fifty pounds of sugar.

Mr. Kilby gave the bundles to Mr. Stegall and then turned to attend to the wants of the negro boy. While weighing out the sugar he

HEARD A HEAVY THUD,

as though something had fallen on the floor directly behind him. Turning around he saw that the noise which he had heard was occasioned by Mr. Stegall falling to the floor. Mr. Kilby, with the assistance of the negro boy and one or two others, lifted Mr. Stegall from the floor and took him into a room in the rear part of the store, where it was their intention to let him remain an hour or so, believing him to be drunk and thinking that he would recover in that time.

He remained lying on the floor until Mr Kilby commenced closing up his store preparatory to going home. When an effort was made to raise the man from the floor it was discerned that

HE WAS DYING.

Dr Goodman was summoned, but his efforts to save the life of the man met with no success, and he died very shortly after it was discovered that he was ill.

The coroner was notified of the death of Mr Stegall and under his order the body was carried to the late residence of the deceased, where it was delivered to the care of a wife and three children. Yesterday morning a jury was summoned and an inquest held. The evidence in the case went to show that Mr. Stegall had been drinking to a very great extent for the past two or three days, and that just before he died he had swallowed a pint of whiskey in the short space of

TWENTY MINUTES

This excessive drinking caused his brain to become much excited, and a rush of blood to the head ensued, which brought on a concussion of the brain. The jury brought in a verdict that the deceased came to his death from an attack of appoplexy, brought on by excitement caused from excessive drink, which had the effect of causing a rush of blood to the head.

The deceased will be buried to-day. He was about 42 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children, in poor circumstances. He was a cripple, having only one leg, and has been in ill health for years past.

Southern Female College.

We have received an invitation to attend the commencement exercises of the southern Female college, of LaGrange which begin next Sunday. The college is in a flourishing condition under the able presidency of Mr. I. F. Cox. It ranks among the very best female colleges in the south. The following is the programme for commencement:

June 11 to 15—Examinations before parents and board of visitors.
16—Sermon by Rev. W. L. Kilpatrick.
17—Junior exhibition.
Address by Capt Jno A. Foster.
Drama at night.
Tuesday—Cliosian celebration.
Address by F. H. Richardson, Esq.
Grand concert at night.
Wednesday—Exercises of graduation class.
Address by Hon. Jos. F. Pou.
Levee at night.
Railroads pass visitors on one fare.
The public are invited to attend.

The City Court.

HON. RICHARD H. CLARK, JUDGE, PRESIDING.

The city court of Atlanta met at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The entire day was consumed with the hearing of the case of T G W Crussells vs. the Old Dominion fire insurance company. Suit for traverse of sheriff return. Verdict rendered by the jury finding for the sheriff's return.

Notice was given that a motion for a new trial would be asked for.

The court adjourned, to meet at the usual hour this morning.

RIGHT ABOUT FACE!

A New Military Company in Atlanta.

About one month ago a new military company was organized in this city under the name of the Georgia Volunteers. The members are colored men, and are composed of some of the most popular and well-behaved citizens of Atlanta. A few days ago Governor Colquitt issued an order for an election of officers of the company. For this purpose the body met last evening at their armory. Upon invitation, Messrs. James Dunning, T. A. Johnson, Sanders P. Jones, Clark Howell and Joseph Gaitins were present, together with Justice Wm. Butt, who was to preside at the election. The election was held in the manner prescribed by law.

Mr. James Dunning acted as chairman of the meeting.

THE RETURNING BOARD

were Justice Wm. Butt, and freeholders Messrs. S. P. Jones, Clark Howell and Joseph Gaitins. Mr. T. A. Johnson rendered valuable assistance in conducting the election, which resulted in the following officers being elected for the ensuing year:

Captain, J. C. Shelton. 1st lieut., P. D. Keith; 2nd lieut., J. H. Brown; 3rd lieut., W. M. Bell 1st sergt., A. W. Burnett; 2nd sergt., Andrew Hill; 3rd sergt., P. F. Jones; 4th W. H. White 1st corp., Geo. Yarborough; 2nd corp., Eugene Cohenl; 3rd corp., C. C. Richardson; 4th corp, Robt. Howard. Ensign, S. P. McCray. Q. M sergt., C. W. Whitfield.

INVADING VIRGINIA.

The Atlanta Cadets to go to Richmond on the 10th of July

The long contemplated and much talked of excursion of the Atlanta Cadets to Richmond, Va., has ripened into a pleasant reality, and it is now a settled fact that the Cadets will leave this city by special train over the Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line

WEDNESDAY, JULY 10TH

for Richmond, Va. The question of their going was settled at a meeting held by the company at their armory Monday night last. The trip spoken of some months ago to Cumberland island was abandoned for many causes As it was the desire of every member of the company that the organization should take a trip of some sort, several sections were brought up in general discussion. The project to go to Richmond seemed to meet with the greatest favor, and the more it was talked of the more popular did the capitol of the late confederacy become with the members of the company. It is by a unanimous vote of the company that the body will go to Richmond. Owing to the fact that the day appointed for leaving is

HARDLY ONE MONTH OFF,

a great many preparations will have to be made in that time, and everything done very hurriedly. It is the intention of Captain Jackson that the company with their friends will leave this city July 10th by a special train for Richmond. Arriving there, two or three days will be spent in that city, after which the company will take passage by the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad for White Sulphur Springs. Here they will remain nearly two weeks. They will go into camp in Richmond, but will take their meals at the most elegant hotel in the city. At the White Sulphur the boys will be camped out, but as in Richmond, will have their meals served.

Mr. James Hunter and Mr. W. D. Dean, two of the most enthusiastic members of the company, have been in correspondence with the

FIRST VIRGINIA REGIMENT,

stationed at Richmond for some months past, with a view of gaining information relative to the requirements of such a trip. The correspondence has been of the most pleasant character, and from the best of information, the Cadets will meet with a warm soldierly reception upon their arrival at Richmond. The members of the company will not be allowed to carry with them a citizens' dress suit. Their outfit will be the regular uniform of the company, and a fatigue suit, which will be procured for the occasion. The trip will cost the company at least

TWELVE OR FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS,

and will be a superb affair in every particular. The company will take with them about seventy-five picked men, and will be accompanied by their drum corps of five men. They will go with a full outfit of the equipments of a soldier, together with the comforts unknown to a soldier in regular service. Captain Jackson will leave to-day for Richmond, Va., where he has engagements with the officers of the regiment to complete all arrangements for the visit of his company to that city. Leaving Richmond, he will go to New York to purchase

SEVENTY OR EIGHTY FATIGUE UNIFORMS

and camping equipments for the entire company. The company held a meeting last evening, at which time the measure for a fatigue suit was taken for each member. The company will commence drilling nightly, with a view to perfect themselves in the tactics and the discipline of the soldier. The contemplated trip of the company is spoken of by everyone and is a subject of pleasant conversation on every side.

The cadets are popular throughout the state, and have at different times carried off the plume in hotly contested drills.

Any new developments will be given to the public upon this occurrence.

ATLANTA HONORED.

Dr. W. F. Westmoreland Takes the 1st Vice Presidency of the American Medical Association.

The following dispatch was received on Monday night, and should have appeared in yesterday's paper:

NEW YORK, June 10, 1878.

To Dr. H. L. Wilson:

The American Medical association decided unanimously to hold the next meeting in Atlanta. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Theophilus Parvin, president; W. F. Westmoreland, A. J. Fuller, John Morris, John H. Murphy, vice presidents.

The honor given to Dr. Westmoreland is richly deserved, and Georgia appreciates the selection that has been made from her medical ranks Dr. W. stands at the very front of his profession in the south, and is as modest as he is skillful.

Atlanta will be glad to welcome the medical association to her midst.

Fulton Superior Court.

HON. GEO. HILLYER, JUDGE, PRESIDING.

The superior court of Fulton county met at the usual hour of 7:30 yesterday morning for the continuance of trial of the criminal cases before the court.

The following cases were tried and disposed of during the day's session:

Case of state vs. Dick McFarland, accusation for larceny from the house. The defendant upon being arraigned before the court plead guilty, whereupon the defendant was sentenced to serve four months at hard labor on the public works.

Also, case of state vs Charles Cleveland, accusation for cheating and swindling. The defendant waived being formally arraigned, and plead not guilty. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, whereupon the defendant was sentenced to serve the full term of two years in the Georgia penitentiary.

Also, case of state vs. Levy Cook An order taken giving the prisoner his liberty on his own recognizance there having been no true bill found by the grand jury against him.

Also case of the state vs Ellis Marshall. Accusation for larceny after trust. The defendant upon being arraigned plead guilty to simple larceny, and was sentenced to serve the term of sixty days on the public works of Fulton county.

Also case of the state vs Abe Wooten. Accusation for burglary in the night time. The defendant plead not guilty. The jury, after hearing the evidence and the arguments in the case, returned a verdict of guilty. Upon the verdict of the jury the court sentenced the defendant to imprisonment in the Georgia penitentiary for the full term of seven years.

Also case of the state vs John Johnson. Accusation for assault with intent to murder. Verdict rendered by the jury finding the defendant not guilty.

Mr Robert P Hill represented the defendant in an able argument, and was successful in procuring the release of his client. This effort was his first made in the superior court, and was highly complimented by many of the leading members of the profession.

The superior court adjourned to meet at eight o'clock this morning, when it will be presided over by Judge George N. Lester, of the Blue Ridge circuit.

CALENDAR OF CRIMINAL CASES.

State vs Squire Young.
State vs Geo Alexander.
State vs Thompson Mathews.
State vs Fannie Wood.
State vs Chas Brooks.
State vs Chas McKeever.
State vs Thos Harris.
State vs Richard Baker.
State vs Henry Davis.

An Old Stick.

Mr. R. J. Godfrey, has presented to the Young Men's library a rare and valuable relic of revolutionary times. It is a heavy old hickory stick with a massive silver head, which has a history. It belonged to Gov. Alston, of South Carolina, who, just before his death, desired that the stick should be given to some one of his command who was at the battle of Eutaw. It was accordingly given to J. E Godfrey the grandfather of Mr. R J Godfey, who was a colonel in the service at that memorable time. He transmitted the stick to his son, Mr. J. E. God'rey, jr., and he in turn gave it to his son, Mr. R. J. Godfrey, who has placed it in the library, where it will be highly appreciated as a valuable curiosity.

RATS IN THE CLOSET.

A RARE PIECE OF POTTERY FROM THE ESSEX STATESMAN.

The Old Union Sores of the South in Communication With Gov. Hayes—Who is Boulds Baker?—Cox's Grows Curious but Ben Bids him Wait for all the Returns—Mexicanization in the Air.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—Timothy Griffith, clerk in the office of the secretary of the senate, was recalled, and in reply to questions by Mr. MacMahon, stated that he had searched for and found on file a paper authorizing Thomas C Anderson to act as messenger to bring the returns of Louisiana to Washington. The witness produced a paper purporting to be signed by all the electors.

BUGS FOR BUGBEE.

Elijah J. Bugbee, Washington manager of the Atlantic and Pacific telegraph company, was the next witness. He was called at the instance of Mr. Butler, who examined him.

Mr. Butler—You were subpœnaed to bring with you a book showing the receipt and delivery of certain telegrams. Have you brought it?

Witness—I have not, sir,

Mr. Butler—Was there any difficulty in finding it?

Witness—I have not been able to find it so far. The book had some memoranda of a dispute between a former cashier and a clerk, and it was wanted for those memoranda some time ago, and I have forgotten what disposition was made of it after that.

"BEG YOUR PARDON"

Mr. Butler—Pardon; you saw me about half-past 12 or 1 o'clock, didn't you?

Answer—I did

Mr. Butler—You saw me talk with your cashier, and you saw him give me this memorandum (referring to the paper in his hand) from that book?

A.—I did not see him give you any memorandum.

Mr. Butler—Didn't you see him looking over a book, and then I went in and asked you for a book?

A.—I did not.

Mr. Butler—Hasn't he told you that he gave me a memorandum?

A.—He told me that he did

Mr. Butler—Was there any difficulty in bringing that book?

A.—That book was not the original book. That was a book of entry for keeping accounts.

Mr. Butler—That is the book I want. Men don't falsify their account books generally, although they do some others.

A.—The summons calls for the original books, and this cannot be classed as an original book, because the entries are not made in it. The first original book is one I've not been able to find so far.

Mr. Butler—If I understand your course of business, it is that when a telegram is received a copy is preserved before the message is delivered?

A.—Yes sir, of messages that are received for delivery.

Mr. Butler—Have you found the one that I asked for?

A.—I have not.

SOMETHING OF RATS

Mr. Butler—You told me you thought the rats had eaten that, didn't you?

A.—I think it has been destroyed by rats.

Mr Butler—When do you think the rats began on it?

A.—I can't say.

Mr. Butler—When did you first ascertain that rats had eaten that telegram?

A.—I can't say that rats did eat it, but I think they did, because several packages that were stored in that closet have been almost entirely destroyed by rats.

Mr. Butler—I suppose you take those copies because you think it some advantage to the company to have them taken?

A.—That is the order and rule of the company.

Mr. Butler—Are the same telegrams stored in that same closet now, what is left of them?

A.—They are.

Mr. Butler—Have any pains been taken to stop the rat holes?

A.—I can't say that there has been.

Mr. Butler—Then the telegrams are still exposed to the depredations of the rats?

A.—I presume they are unless the rats have gone out of the closet.

Mr. Butler—Now, do you mean to say that your course of business is to put valuable papers where the rats can get at them and destroy them and to leave them there after you know that the rats are destroying them?

A.—These papers are so old that they are not considered of any value to the company.

A SWITCH OFF

Mr Butler—Those that I asked you for are little more than a year old. February 24, 1877, is the date. Who was your night clerk at that date?

A.—I cannot speak positively, but I think it was George Dunning.

Mr Butler—It was his business, was it not, when a telegram was handed in to count the number of words and compute the charge for sending it and check the amount on the telegram?

A.—Yes, sir.

Mr Butler—Would you know his hand-writing?

A.—I think I should.

Mr Butler (handing him a paper)—Look and say if that is his check on that paper?

A.—I should take that to be his handwriting, I have no doubt about it.

Mr Butler—Did you ever see that telegram before?

A.—Yes, I saw it at our office.

Mr Butler—When was it taken from your files?

A.—I am not sure, I can't say, but it was some months ago, I think

Mr Butler—I did not take it, so far as you know?

A.—No, sir, I am sure you did not take it from me.

Mr Butler produced another telegram, which witness identified as having passed over the Atlantic and Pacific, the answer to the first. Both are printed below.

THE ORIGINAL OLD LINE JUDASES

Washington, D. C, February 24, 1877.—Lieut. Gov. Thomas L Young and Alfred D. Lee, Columbus, Ohio.—(Confidential.)—At a conference of southern republicans, southern unionists and southern whigs, the following expresses their wishes and what is best in their judgment: The new era expected by the inauguration of Governor Hayes has already created harmony between the aforementioned elements. They greatly desire to non-sectionalize party politics and remove the bitterness and jealousies of races in the south as foreshadowed in Hayes's letter of acceptance. In order to effect this, it is necessary to have a complete change in the cabinet officers, thereby giving confidence to the people that this new and glorious departure to reconcile and harmonize is not to be engineered and directed by those who have failed in the past. The natural elements of the south, by political education and party creed, are the old line whigs and Jackson democrats. From these elements we are, to-day, deriving substantial aid, and by a wise policy they will be with us in the future. It is thought best that from this element it would be wise and proper to make cabinet counsellors from the south and southwest. The following names are suggested by this conference: Ex-Senator John Pool, of North Carolina, a native of that state, an eminent lawyer, a moral Christian gentleman, who made the race in 1860 for governor against secession; was elected by the democracy, in the first effort at reconstruction, to the United States senate; afterwards was re-elected by the republicans; as old line whig and republican was always faithful to the union and a bitter enemy of all corruptionists. He has been faithful to the republican party; was at Cincinnati and labored hard for the nomination of Gov Hayes. His appointment would be conceded by our southern democratic friends to be an excellent one. At the same time, the republican senators, while preferring the west as their first choice, would be well satisfied with Pool. His thorough knowledge of people, with his many years of experience in politics, would make him a wise counsellor. The Hon. John Hancock, a native of Alabama and raised in Texas, a man of great dignity of character, integrity and ability; an old Jackson union democrat, who left his native country to join the United States forces to conquer the rebellion; a moderate and consistent democrat, who has won the confidence of the present administration by his fairness, want of prejudice and patriotism. It is believed he would also be an able and judicious counsellor, and satisfactory to old line whigs and republicans. Next, Col. R. T. Van Horn, of Kansas City, Mo., a representative man of the southern union soldiers from the great, growing and rapidly developing southwest, a thorough republican, with experience as an editor and legislator, with an extensive personal acquaintance throughout the south with the people and their wants. He is of that temperament that makes him truly one of the people and from the people. This appointment would have been universally satisfactory. Next, it is thought by many of our old and new friends that it would be wise and powerful in the political polity in Gov. Hayes to call to his cabinet council Gen. Joseph E Johnston, who was an old line whig, reluctantly engaged in the southern rebellion, always the opponent of Jeff Davis and neglected by him. He has a nephew, a moderate democrat, in the United States senate from Virginia, with many senators from the south of his personal friends who would be proud of his recognition; also many relatives and friends in the house of representatives. With the 300,000 ex-confederate soldiers he commanded in the south, he possibly would make a great instrument in the executive policy of Gov Hayes. Next, we find neither Gov Alcorn nor Senator Hamilton, of Texas, have any friends on either side that are inclined to push their claims on the ground of political policy. In other words, they have been unsatisfactory to both parties and are incapable of generating the strength in and of themselves. The next, Senator Key, of Tennessee, an old union democrat, is discussed favorably by many and perhaps he would aid as counsellor in shaping a wise policy for that section. In conclusion, as the main great effort of the coming administration is truly in heart to harmonize the south, take away sectionalism and build up a dominant conservative party it is suggested that three cabinet officers from the south and west be selected, such as ex-Senator Pool, of North Carolina; John Hancock of Texas, or Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, of Virginia, and Col. T. Van Horn, of Kansas. See Gov. Hayes and submit the names to him, and answer by this line.

BOULDS BAKER,
Secretary.

TOM YOUNG AS AN INTERMEDIARY.

COLUMBUS, O, Feb. 16, 1877.—Boulds Baker, secretary, care of Bagbee, Washington: Your lengthy telegram just received on my return here. Gov. Hayes is absent at Fremont; will return to-night, and your telegram will be submitted to him.

THOS L. YOUNG.

COX GROWS CURIOUS.

Mr. Cox—On what theory is it supposed that is competent testimony? It may be interesting as a matter of public history, but I do not see how it can become testimony.

Mr Butler—You certainly do not wish me to furnish that information now?

Mr Cox—I am in a condition of ardent curiosity about it at this moment.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

Mr Butler—And I must leave you in that condition, until I can prove who Boulds Baker is. Mr Key, one of the men suggested, was appointed by Mr. Hayes, and one of the first acts of his administration was to appoint Mr. Boulds Baker to the best office in his gift.

THE MISSING LINK

Mr. Cox.—I do not see how that has any connection with the subject matter of the investigation.

Mr. Butler.—I will supply the connection before I get through.

Thomas E. Roach, a clerk in the appointment office of the postoffice department, was called in order to give information as to the appointment and payment of Boulds Baker, a special agent, but it seemed that the witness had not charge of the necessary books and papers, and that he did not know anything at all about Baker.

MR COX'S IDEA OF PROPRIETY.

Mr. Cox suggested that even if the witness had charge of these books and papers he should not have been required to bring them.

Mr. Butler—Why?

Mr. Cox—Having been the head of a department myself, I should have regarded it as a very great breach of duty of any subordinate to take away any portion of the records without my orders, and I should justify that department in doing so.

THERE IS A GOD IN ISRAEL.

Mr. Butler—So should I, but I should also justify a person subpenaed to produce them in going to the head of that department and saying: "I am summoned to produce such books and papers, shall I take them and go?" and if the head of the department said no, then I should expect the witness to come here and say: "I have not brought the books because the head of the department told me that I should not," and the moment the head of the department said that, there would be two courses open to the committee—either to send for the head of the department or to bring him before the house for interfering with a witness. I want the gentleman to understand that there is a God in Israel.

Mr. Cox—That is true, and I am about as sincere a worshipper of Divine power as the gentleman is I should regard it, however, as exceedingly inproper for this committee to send for a clerk in one of the departments and ask him to produce a portion of the public records. The proper way is that which is usual with the house of representatives and any of its committees, to communicate with the head of a department, and I have not the slightest doubt that it will give great pleasure to the head of any department to furnish us with the fullest information. I should be exceedingly sorry to see this committee commit itself to the idea that a clerk in a department can be summoned to take from it any of its archives.

Mr. Butler—I have tried a great many cases before the United States courts in New York, and I have rarely tried one where a department clerk has not appeared with a portion of the department records.

Mr. Cox—It is a mere question of form, and I regard it as quite unnecessary to appeal to the God of Israel, or any other supernatural power, when there is so plain and orderly a method of communicating with the departments.

The Chairman (to Mr. Cox)—Your motion is that a note should be addressed to the head of the department, asking for any books and papers?

Mr. Cox—That is my idea, and I have no doubt that anything in the records can be obtained in that way.

LILLEY'S LOAD.

Another witness for the postoffice department, Fred B. Lilley, came forward, and two heavy books, like ledgers, were carried and laid on the floor at his feet. These books, however, proved to be only accounts of the clerical force of the department and did not contain the accounts of special agents, after which Mr. Butler was seeking in connection with Boulds Baker. The witness, however, stated that he knew Baker as a special agent, and first knew him in that capacity in the spring of 1877 He had never seen him about the apartment before that time, and Baker went out of office about the first of August, 1877. The two witnesses were directed to appear to-morrow with the records and accounts of Boulds Baker as special agent, and with like information as to George A. Howard, formerly one of the assistant secretaries to the electoral commission.

THE ADMINISTRATION SENATOR REFUSES TO APPEAR.

Matthews declines to obey the subpœna from the Potter committee, and the committee proposes to let the matter rest with him. Chairman Potter leaves to-night to deliver an oration before Roanoke college, Virginia.

ANDERSON UP AGAIN.

Anderson was on the stand and gave elaborate details of the manner in which the registration and voting was conducted.

EX CONGRESSMAN DARRALL,

of Louisiana, was on the stand and testified regarding his application for the collectorship of the New Orleans custom house. First through Anderson's influence, Matthews withdrew his opposition to Packard as collector, but finding his nomination out of question Matthews agreed to support Darrall for the place, providing Anderson should

DELIVER TO MATTHEWS

certain papers. These papers were ready for delivery, but were withheld because Darrell was not appointed. Among the papers stipulated for was the Sherman letter. Darrall stipulated to Anderson that in the event that Darrall should have office Messrs D A Weber S L Randall and Thomas A Jenks should be provided for. In this bargain Anderson appears to have made

NO PROVISION FOR HIMSELF,

as he could make a better living as journalist.

Wm H Seymour, notary public, before whom the Anderson and Weber agreement was sworn out, and J Wilder, one of the attesting witnesses, are here. They are here under subpœna.

MATTHEWS'S COMMITTEE.

The senate committee to investigate matters concerning Matthews was organized, and agreed not to enter upon the investigation during the present session, or do any business in July or August.

Thanks.

At the last meeting of the Ladies' Memorial Association the following resolution was passed.

That the thanks of the ladies be tendered to Mr. W. H Clayton, superintendent southern express company, No. 2 Fire company and Mr. Ballard for use of their wagons on decoration day which, filled with little children, greatly added to the procession. Also to Mr. Bohnefeld for use of his wagon in hauling cedar.

John McPherson Berrien.

Judge Lochrane has kindly donated to the Young Men's library a fine portrait of John McPherson Berrien, which represents him in his palmy days. It is one of the few portraits of this distinguished Georgian now to be seen, and will be highly prized by the library. Judge Lochrane is one of the staunch friends of the Institution.

Hotel Arrivals.

MARKHAM HOUSE, June 11.—T S Garner, Ga; T J Harwell, LaGrange; Ben Chandler, Pensacola; E D Graham, Carters; L M Salmons, city; Lute Johnson, Central, S C; O F Russell, Baltimore; David Fiancy, Jackson, Miss; J E Blalock and wife, Jonesboro; J M Hoyle, Chattanooga; M T Jordan Tenn; G A Norwood, Selma; Herbert A Night, Macon; S D Stewart, Griffin; Mrs E C Clay, Savannah; J A Baves, Jr, Monroe; D A Thompson, Covington; T L Freyer, Marietta; T B Gowan, Rome; W L Waterson, Jonesboro; G C Rogers, Geo Hillyer, B H Hill, city; R R Hargis and wife, Bartow county; J J Haynes, W E Carnes, Jonesboro; Miss Laura Kinkle, Ga; N R Hambrick, Z T Dodd, Jonesboro; W D Barker, Rutledge; T B Goodwin, Ga.

A Fated Molly.

POTTSVILLE, PA, June 11.—Dennis, alias Bucky Donnelly, a Schuylkill county Mollie Maguire, was hanged this morning for the murder of Thomas Sanger, mine boss, in 1875.

Mr Bryant's Condition.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The condition of Mr. Bryant is becoming alarming. His appetite is failing and he is growing weaker.

LATER.

Mr. Bryant lies in a comatose state. His physician is almost afraid to give him any nourishment. He sleeps all the time.

Campos in Glory.

HAVANA, June 11.—Gen. Martinez Campos will make a triumphal entry into Havana at the head of 4 000 troops on Friday next, at 7 o'clock in the morning.

THE SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Proceedings of Democratic Meeting of Cherokee County—Primary Meetings Called and the Democracy to be Unified.

CANTON, June 4, 1878.

A meeting of a portion of the democratic citizens of Cherokee county was this day held in the courthouse.

On motion, of James U. Vincent, Captain Thomas N. Delaney, of Woodstock, was called to the chair, and Mr. Jabez Galt, of Canton, was requested to act as secretary.

By request of body, Hon. James R Brown and Hon. Carey W. Styles explained, in an able and eloquent manner, the objects of the meeting, and strongly presented the importance of thorough democratic organization, and of harmony in the seventh district, and of a solid south; whereupon James U Vincent, Esq., offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, to-wit:

Whereas, The executive committee of the democratic party of the seventh district, at a meeting held at Rome on the —— of —— last, called a convention of the party to meet at Ringgold on the 4th of July next, to nominate a candidate for congress, and appointed the first Tuesday in June instant as the day for public meetings to be held in the several counties composing the district to appoint delegates to said convention; and

Whereas, There is no acting executive democratic committee in the county of Cherokee to call the party together in compliance with the recommendation of the district executive committee;

Resolved, That we, a portion of the democratic party of said county, in public meeting assembled, earnestly desiring that the party shall be fully, fairly and ably represented in said convention, respectfully request that the citizens of the several militia districts of said county, do hold primary meetings in said districts on the 15th day of June instant, to elect three delegates each to the county convention of delegates of Cherokee to be held at Canton on the 2d day of July next.

Resolved, That the said militia district delegates be authorized at said meeting at Canton on the second day of July next, to elect from their number delegates to the Ringgold convention to be held on the said fourth day of July.

Resolved, That the said delegates so elected to the Ringgold convention be authorized to cast the vote of Cherokee for a nominee for congress under such rules and regulations as the said convention may adopt for its proceedings and government.

Resolved, That the delegates elected as specified above be and they are hereby requested to meet immediately after the adjournment of the Ringgold convention and organize themselves into a permanent executive committee for the democratic party of Cherokee county.

Resolved, That upon the failure of any one of the said districts to send up delegates to said meeting at Canton, then, and in that event, the delegates sent up shall proceed to elect of their number delegates as aforesaid to the convention at Ringgold.

Resolved, That upon the failure or refusal of any one of the said delegates to accept said election as delegates to the Ringgold convention and to perfect the duties incident thereto, then a majority of those accepting and acting, shall have power to fill such place or places by appointment: Provided, that each militia district shall at all times have three members in said delegation and upon said executive committee.

Resolved, That the Cherokee Georgian, the Marietta Journal, and THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION be requested to publish the proceedings and resolutions of the meeting.

On motion of Col N J Perkins, seconded by Col James McConnell, the chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of five to have printed and distribute circulars requesting the militia district meetings in said county to be held on the said 15th day of June. Whereupon the chairman announced the following named gentlemen as the committee: N J Perkins, J R McConnell, James U Vincent, J R McKinney and Joshua Roberts

On motion of Hon Jas R Brown, the meeting adjourned sine die.

JAVEZ GALT, Secretary. THOMAS N. DELANEY, Chairman.

EUROPE IN CONGRESS.

The Reichstag Dissolved—The English Parliament Threatened—The Programme for Thursday.

LONDON, June 11.—MacGahan, special correspondent of the Daily News, died at Constantinople of spotted typhus fever complicated by epileptic fits.

SALISBURY STARTS.

The Marquis of Salisbury left for Berlin last night.

A DISGUSTED GRAND DUKE.

The Post's Berlin correspondent says the Grand Duke Nicholas is disgusted with the pacific turn of affairs, and intends to retire to his estates.

THE THREE EMPERORS.

The Daily News' Vienna correspondent says the meeting of the three emperors is expected after the recovery of Emperor William.

DIFFICULT POINTS.

The only points expected to cause grave difficulties are, war indemnity and annexation of Antivari by Montenegro.

The Daily Telegraph's Vienna correspondent says there is still a lingering apprehension here, although it is difficult to say what is its foundation, that military preparations are being quietly pushed. I am able to state that Russia has not attempted, since Geneal Ignatieff's visit, to come to a separate understanding with Austria.

A DISSOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT LOOKED FOR.

The London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian telegraphs that the statement is current at Chibs and in high political circles, that the dissolution of parliament will shortly be announced, and that the report finds such general acceptance that several members have gone to look after their constituencies.

The Daily News, in a leading editorial, makes reference to the prevailing belief in an early dissolution of parliament.

PROGRAMME OF THE CONGRESS.

BERLIN, June 11.—All the plenipotentiaries will be here by Wednesday except the Turkish, who will reach the city Friday. The plenipotentiaries will be received on Wednesday in state audience by the crown prince, and will be conveyed to the palace in state carriages. On Thursday afternoon at two o'clock the congress will meet. After the transaction of the necessary formalities, such as the verification of the several powers of the plenipotetiaries and the appointment of officials, the proceedings will begin by Prince Bismarck as president, submitting his memorandum of the points or resume of the subjects to be treated directly by the plenipotentiaris, each of whom will receive a copy of this document. The business of the first sitting will be confined to the settlement of the question whether or not the congress shall invite Greece to participate in its transactions. The original anticipation that the congress would complete its labors in a fortnight, it is thought likely to be realized. Newspaper correspondents from all parts of the world are here, and

THE BUZZARDS ALSO.

There is a report current that the Bonaparte, Orleans and Bourbon interests are to be privately advocated during the congress by gentleman deputed for the occasion, the hope being entertained by the monarchial parties in France that a conservative reaction will shortly set in.

A Victory Over Lerdo.

NEW ORLEANS, June 11.—A special to the Galveston News says: A courier brings news to the effect that Colonel Alegria and 150 government troops attacked 200 revolutionists under Garcia Ayala, at a placed called Los Ladrones, forty miles north of New Laredo, and, after a severe engagement, completely routed them, taking many prisoners and capturing arms horses, and many are reported killed and wounded on both sides, but details are wanting There was great rejoicing in New Laredo on the receipt of the above news. The revolution is regarded as a complete failure in this section.

PARIS PENCILLINGS.

RECORD OF A TRIP TO THE GREAT FRENCH EXPOSITION OF 1878.

The Juries—The American Members Thereof—Courtesy of Mr. Cunliffe Owen—The Legionaires Expectant, Etc.

LETTER X.

Editorial Correspondence of The Constitution.

PARIS, May 28, 1878.

The exposition, with reference to its exhibits is divided into nine general groups and these groups sub-divided into classes. These divisions are made in the most careful manner and constitute a nearly perfect analysis of the entire range of production and manufacture. The classifications in all the departments have been effected only after the most careful consideration of details, in order that all competition may be strictly legitimate and each article entitled to an award may obtain it upon the strength of its well-defined superior merits.

The matter of jury awards at international exhibitions is always a delicate and difficult one. Whatever system may be adopted is sure to find criticism and to cause dissatisfaction in some particulars. Remembering many untoward events springing from his source at the exposition of 1867, and having in plain view the yet unassuaged heart-burnings that followed upon many of our centennial awards, the French government has taken the most precise and rigid measures for the organization of the international juries who are to serve upon this occasion. I deem it interesting to American readers to know the leading facts in this regard, both as matter of useful instruction and as a guide to the estimate they may safely put upon the largely advertised statements some months hence that "John Jim Johnson & Co., of Muddy Branch, has been awarded the grand medal of honor at the Paris exposition of 1878 for their celebrated American peanut candy!" It is to be hoped that when it comes time for such announcements to appear, that people will be prepared to fully understand the significance of such vaunted prizes.

ORGANIZING THE JURIES.

An official decree has just given notice of the manner of organizing the juries and of the character and grade of the recompenses that they will be empowered to bestow upon meritorious exhibits.

I will briefly synopsise so much of the regulations as will interest the American reader.

The French government has appropriated $300,000 as the amount to be given in awards, and the selection of the recipients is devolved upon an international jury to be composed of 750 members. Of the whole number 400 are to be chosen from foreign countries and 360 are to be natives of France. The number of foreign jurors assigned to each country represented here is proportioned to the space it occupies, the number of its exhibitors and the importance of its collective exhibit. Under this ruling, as I have already written you, the United States gets thirty-three jurors, and is entitled to rank fourth in the list of visiting nations. There are to be also 325 supplemental jurors, of whom 175 are to be foreigners and 150 Frenchmen, and are intended to serve, whenever occasion requires, in the place of absent jurors. The foreign jurors are nominated by the chief commissioner of their country, and the French jurors by the French superior commission.

The jurors are divided among the classes which make up the group to which they belong. The juries are expected to begin their investigations upon the 1st of June and to file their reports by the 1st of September.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF AWARDS

is fixed for the 10th of September, and will take place in the grand ball of the palace of the Trocadero, amid solemnities and gorifications quite as enthusiastic and equally as impressive as those which marked the opening occasion.

In the first group of the exposition—that of fine arts—the following awards will be in the hands of the jury: Seventeen medals of honor and art objects of French origin, 32 first medals, 44 second medals and 48 third medals. The jury in this group will consist of 63 members, but the proportion of foreigners and Frenchmen has not been determined. Exhibitors in this group may serve as jurors without being debarred from competition. This is possible because the jurors are to be divided with reference to the classes, viz: oil paintings, water colors, sculpture, engraving, etchings, porcelain painting, etc.

AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURES,

in the order written, are looked upon by the French authorites as the most important groups. For collective and individual exhibits in these groups there are allowed 100 grand prizes and special allowances of money, 1,000 gold medals, and 8,000 honorable mentions—a grand total of 21,100 awards! The grand prizes are destined for those who exhibit peculiarly meritorious and novel inventions or of improvements which have been of special practical value in production and the processes of manufacture, or for exceptionally meritorious collective exhibits. These will be the real honors of the exposition and of course much coveted. These awards are only to be made after the concurrence of the class, group and resident juries, and hence it may be taken as certain that whoever obtains one of them will have just cause to be proud of the distinction. In our American department we have an unusual opportunity to secure a complimentary number of these desirable prizes.

To use what may seem a vulgarism, the competition here will be upon the principle of

"AN OPEN FIELD AND FAIR FIGHT."

The various class juries are instructed to "examine the products, apparatus, or processes which are submitted to them, and make without distinction of nationality the classification of exhibitors." They will then classify "without distinction of nationality" the co-laborers, foremen, or workmen whom they believe worthy of note, either for services rendered to agriculture or manufactures, or for their participation in the production of remarkable objects displayed at the exposition.

The presidents and reporters of the class juries constitute the second, or group juries. Each group jury has a president and two vice presidents. A list of these I have already sent to you so far as the nationality of the officials is concerned, and the name of Prof. White as the American vice president in the second group. The presidents and vice-presidents of the group juries constitute the president's jury. The class juries determine finally only the awards of bronze medals and honorable mentions in their divisions. They decide, in the first instance, upon the nominations for gold and silver medals to be made by the group juries. The president's jury decides all exceptional awards, as of grand prizes, etc.

CROSSES OF THE LEGION OF HONOR

are the great objects of ambition to Frenchmen and foreigners alike. It is asked by the authorities that they be allowed to distribute 300 of these coveted prizes, and it will doubtless be done. They will only be given for the very highest merits and services, and will be precious prizes to those who get them, for I am glad to say that, under the republic legionaires, are not so common, either in numbers or material, as they were under the regime of Napoleon III.

AN ADDITIONAL AMERICAN JUROR.

With Americans the machinery interests of our country and our fame in that line is always a matter of jealous consideration. While we are not strong in this department, by reason of sufficient causes, we are still fairly represented. Commissioner General McCormick could not assign out of our 33 jurors the number of Americans that he desired should act upon this group. In the emergency he wrote to Mr. Cunliffe Owen, in charge of the English section, proposing to exchange the place of a juror in another group for one of the places given the English in the machinery group. Mr. Owen generously yielded us the place and at the same time declined to deprive us of the other juror. So, by the courtesy of our English brethren we are to have 34 jurors, and they are to content themselves with 72. The action of Mr. Owen in this matter will certainly be appreciated by his American brethren.

THE AMERICAN JURORS

The list of American jurors is now complete. In addition to the names I have already sent, I complete the particulars as far as I am able, with the following:

Class 1—Oil paintings, etc.—Frank D. Millet, a young American artist of considerable fame to whom the French authorities confided the work of producing the typical statue of North America—the same that occupies a place upon the pedestal at the Trocadero palace.

Class 5—Engraving and lithographs—Joseph K. Riggs. I do not know Mr. Riggs, but I am told that he is very competent to serve in this class.

Class 7—Organization and appliances for secondary instruction—John D. Philbrick, of Boston. Mr. Philbrick was one of the most successful of the superintendents of public schools in Boston and has been in charge of the educational exhibit here. His is in every way an admirable selection.

Class 10—Stationary, book binding, painting and drawing materials—Charles C. Fulton, of Baltimore. Mr. Fulton is the veteran editor of the Baltimore American, and is recognized as a proper choice in the class to which he is assigned.

Class 12—Photographic proofs and apparatus—Joseph Tuckerman. (An American citizen of Parisian preferences.)

Class 13—Musical instruments—Fred H. Post.

Class 17—Cheap and fancy furniture—Thomas B. Oakley, American merchant in Paris and non resident honorary commissioner from the state of Tennessee.

Class 24—Goldsmiths' and silversmiths' work—George T. Bourne.

Class 27—Apparatus and processes for heating and lighting—Harry S. Homans.

Class 38—Clothing for both sexes—J. W Tucker—(not attached to a sewing machine.)

Class 54—Machines and apparatus in general—Prof. Geo. Davidson and Thomas James Sloan.

Class 55—Machine tools (as additional juror)—Charles R. Goodwin.

Class 58—Apparatus and processes for making up clothing—Isaac H. Burch.

Class 62—Carriages and wheelrights' work—John Munroe.

Class 64—Railway apparatus—Theodore Bronson.

Class 72—Meats and fish—George Wurts, editor of Patterson (N. J.) Press, and therefore a competent judge.

These, with those already announced, constitute the 34 representatives of the United States upon the international jury. The southern representatives are, we may say, two in number, viz: Hon. Ashbel Smith, of Texas, and Mr. Fulton of Maryland. These are fully in accordance with our part in the general exhibit—for which we have only ourselves to blame. S. W. S.

LAYING DOWN THEIR ARMS.

Fraternization of the Cuban and Spaniard.

HAVANA, June 10.—An official telegram, dated June 7th, reporting the surrender of remnants of insurgents, thereby re-establishing pacification of the whole island, says at Rompe this morning 117 officers, 850 armed and 218 unarmed men, surrendered. They were commanded by Gen. Belizario Paralto and entered the town with

HURRAHS FOR PEACE

and Spain, and saluting the Spanish soldiers who received them. They surrendered their arms, including two cannon and two hundred and seventy-six Remington and Peabody rifles and six hundred cartridges. Major General Vicente Garcia, with thirty five officers, fifty-eight armed men and twenty-seven members of familes arrived at Manati, accompanied by Brigadier General Varela. They will embark to-morrow. Some bands of insurgents who surrendered could not get across the river on account of its swollen condition.

Confidential Builders.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Wm. A. Bushnell, bookkeeper and confidential man of Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, well-known lawyers, is a defaulter for $50,000 A portion of the money was used in stock speculations, in which Bushnell ventured extensively.

It is stated that John H. White, a prominent lawyer of this city, who died February, 1877, was a defaulter, having taken from two estates of which he was trustee amounts estimated at from $45,000 to over $62,000. With reference to one of these estates little has been made public. This estate was for the benefit of some of Mrs. White's sisters, and $15,000 belonging to them, it is stated, have been taken and misappropriated by White.

Wave-Tossed Fragments.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Capt. Speed, of the schooner Lollie, which arrived here yesterday, states that at 6 o'clock, a m, on the 5th inst., in latitude 37 degrees, 48 minutes, and about 15 miles off Virginia light, he passed a quantity of wreck stuff, apparently a portion of a steamer's cabin and picked up two doors. The vessel was put about during the day, and at 6 p.m. they picked up a metallic life boat built by L. Raymond, of this city, and with the number "510" marked on the bulwarks. A quantity of wreck stuff, probably from the same steamer, was passed on the 4th, by the schooner B. H. Jones, which arrived here on Thursday.

THE FEDERAL FOCUS.

The Judiciary Squelches Montgomery Blair.—Other Legislation.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—In the senate Mr. Morrill, Vt., from committee on public buildings and grounds submitted amendments to sundry civil appropriation bill, appropriating 250,000 dollars for erection of building for national museum adjoining Smithsonian Institution. $150,000 for construction of terrace and grand stairway on west front of capitol. Referred to committee on appropriations.

The river and harbor bill, with many amendments, passed. It goes to the house for its concurrence.

The following bills passed: The sale of all lands held by the naval department not needed for naval purposes; authorizing Albert Ordway to assign and transfer the contract entered into by him with the United States for furnishing certain granite for the new state, war and navy department building.

Most of the amendments heretofore reported increasing the appropriations for southern rivers and harbors were adopted; also the survey of a ship canal between St. Mary's river and the gulf of Mexico in Florida. The proposition of Cockrell for the improvement of the Mississippi river by a commission was lost. Mr. Ransom, of North Carolina, submitted an amendment appropriating $20,000 for a complete survey of all the water lines leading from Norfolk to the ocean south of Cape Hatteras so as to have inside water communication between the waters of the Chesapeake and those of the Atlantic south of Cape Hatteras. Agreed to.

THE HOUSE.

Immediately after the reading of the journal the house went into a committee of the whole on the civil sundry appropriation bill.

Mr. Young, of Tennessee, offered an amendment appropriating $8,500 for the construction of the Memphis post-office out of Tennessee marble. Ruled out on point of order.

Mr. Young offered an amendment for the construction of the building out of such marble, provided the cost does not exceed that authorized by law. Adopted. There was no final action taken on the bill.

ON THE BUM AGAIN.

The president, attorney general, secretary of war and Col. Bacon, of Sherman's staff, leave to-night for West Point, to return Saturday.

THE DISTRICT BILL.

The president has signed the bill for the permanent government of the District of Columbia. There are to be no elections.

NOMINATIONS.

Ernest Dickman, of Wisconsin, minister to the United States of Columbia; Peter Negley, assistant United States treasurer at Baltimore.

THE FOREIGN HASH-EATERS RECALLED.

General Sherman has recalled the officers who were ordered abroad to observe the operations in the Russian-Turkish war.

THE CABINET.

There was a full cabinet. Evarts made a statement regarding the money congress. It is a success. Sherman spoke encouragingly about the placing of the four and a half per cent. and four per cent. bonds.

THE KILLING OF KIMMELL.

The judiciary committee of the house to-day, by a vote of eight against one, decided to report a resolution asserting in substance that the 44th congress was a properly constituted body to count the votes and declare the result of the presidential election, and that no subsequent congress has the power to reverse the action thus taken, nor can congress confer powers upon the supreme court, or upon any other, to reopen questions which have thus been settled. The committee will meet again to-morrow to agree, if possible, upon a preamble to accompany the resolution. The vote was as follows in favor of the resolution—Messrs. Harris, of Virginia; Hartridge, of Georgia; Stenger, of Pennsylvania; MacMahon, of Ohio; Culberson, of Texas, democrats; and Messrs. Frye, of Maine; Conger, of Michigan, and Lapham, of New York, republicans. Representative Knott, of Kentucky, chairman, dissented. Messrs. Butler, of Massachusetts, republican, and Lynde, of Wisconsin, democrat, were absent.

THE SOCIAL SENSATION.

The Reichstag Dissolved—The Liberals Determined—Wilhelm's Condition.

LONDON, June 11.—The Standard's Rome dispatch says the vatican has decided to propose a co-operation with Germany for the suppression of socialism there on the condition that the Falk laws are modified.

IN THE OLD ARM-CHAIR.

BERLIN, June 11.—The emperor sat in his arm chair eight hours yesterday. Appetite improved.

THE REICHSTAG DISSOLVED.

The federal council unanimously voted a proposal to dissolve the German reichstag.

It is thought that Nobeling will recover.

THE EMPEROR'S PROGRESS.

The recovery of the emperor is progressing wonderfully. To-day he celebrates the forty-seventh anniversary of his marriage. The arrests of socialists continue.

THE DETERMINATION OF THE LIBERALS.

The leaders of the national liberal party are here for a consultation to determine on a course of action. They believe that Prince Bismarck had determined upon the dissolution of parliament even before Nobeling's attempt to kill the emperor, or that he would at least have reconvened the reichstag and ascertained the disposition of that body. Their war cry will be like that of the French republicans in the contest with the DeBroglie ministry—the return of the present liberal members.

Indignant Workmen.

FALL RIVER, June 10.—A meeting of the mill operatives was held in the Academy of Music to protest against the alleged bad faith of the manufacturers in not restoring the 15 per cent reduction. Bitter speeches were made, and resolutions passed to the effect that the Fall River manufacturers have forfeited forever the confidence and respect of the operatives. They have proved false to their promises, and the operatives demand an immediate return of the 15 per cent reduction.

General Amnesty.

LONDON, June 10.—The Daily News' special says that in consequence of the favorable news from Cuba the Spanish government has granted an amnesty to all press offenders and ordered the liberation of creoles imprisoned for rebellion. National rewards will be voted to Captain General Jovellar and General Martinez Campos.

William's Misfortune.

FREDERICK, MD., June 11.—At a picnic held by the colored people near Adamstown in this county yesterday an affray occurred in which William Richardson, colored, was shot and instantly killed.

A Propeller Burned.

PORT HURON, MICH., June 10.—The propeller Montgomery was burned to the water's edge last night. Her cargo consisted of corn, wheat, flour and merchandise.

Dead.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 10.—Thomas Winans, of Baltimore, millionaire and Russian railroad contractor, died here last night.

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per seven words each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotypes or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED—At No. 57 Marietta street, Westmoreland House, first door above the Custom House. Well furnished, well ventilated rooms, supplied with hot and cold water, good bathing facilities, &c. Terms reasonable. Highest references given. 223 june12..d6t

WANTED—We desire to establish a general agency in Atlanta or vicinity, to control the sale of a staple article of daily consumption. Any energetic man with a small capital may secure a permanent, paying business. For particulars address Empire Manufacturing Company, 182 Fulton street, New York. 196 june11...d2t

WANTED—An experienced salesman who thoroughly understands the wholesale notion business to travel in Georgia and Florida. Only those who can command a trade and give satisfactory references need apply. Address J & D, care Constitution office, stating salary, etc. 154 june9..eod3t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two small Stores. One on Whitehall and one on Broad. Apply to W. P. Inman. 148 june9..d3t

TO RENT—That desirable Store, 38 Marietta street, now occupied by Kendrick & Co. Possession given whenever desired. Apply to The Singer Manufacturing Co., 42 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. 90 jun.5..d1m

FOR RENT—My Residence near the Railroad Station at Covington, Georgia, with 6 acres Gardens and Orchards. The house is large and has modern improvements. Would be suitable for residence of a large family or boarding house. Apply to Col. W. W. Clark, Covington, or Jno. S. Wright, Augusta, Ga. W. F. Herring. 86 june5...d2w wed sat

FOR SALE.

FINE COW FOR SALE. Call and see her at once at Morris's Wagon Yard, Decatur street. F. H. M. Henderson. 221 june12..d1t

NEW FLOUR—Send to the Atlanta Flouring Mills and get New Flour, made from New Wheat. Corner Hunter and Thompson streets. H. Lewis. 0.0 june12...d2t

TWO well built wood houses, in good condition, 12 by 18 feet, used as Carriage house and stable on my lot corner Washington and Rawson streets. Want them moved off to make room for other buildings and will sell them cheap. W. J. Garrett. 225 june12..d2t wed sun

FOR SALE OR RENT—A beautiful four room Cottage, with one basement room, large shade trees in the yard, splendid water and good neighborhood. See W. S. Bell or F. M. Coker. 227 june12..d1t

TO THE FARMERS—The Cotton Cultivator and Great Labor Saving Machine is now for sale at the store of J. H. Anderson & Co., No 16 Loyd Street. Frank Arnim. 244 may14...d1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW OPENING of the splendid Stable known as the Wooten Stable, No. 16 Loyd street, near Passenger Depot, by G. R. Bosz, with a full equipment of fine Carriages, Buggies, &c, and a car load of fine matched teams and single driving Horses, and some of the Horses are for sale at reasonable prices. 226 june12...d1t

WHITE PINE SASH, DOORS, BLINDS Mantels, &c., Builders' Hardware, Paints and Window Glass. 38 Decatur street. W. Jennings & Co. 160 feb9..d6mo

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, LOCKS, HINGES &c., lower than any house in Georgia. W. G. Ashley, 33 South Broad street. 43 ... d2codtf

BOARDING.

GOOD BOARD, on the most reasonable terms; can be had for day boarders with pleasant rooms for families, at the Cannon House, 16½ Marietta street. 223 june12--d5t

PRIVATE BOARD, or rooms furnished without board. Location desirable and on street car line. Apply at 504 Whitehall street. 155 june9..d1t

PRIVATE BOARDING, 124 Peachtree street Atlanta, Georgia, next door to Executive Mansion. Terms: $1 00, $1 50, $2 00, $3 00, per day. Away from Steam Cars. Location most desirable. Fine Shady Grounds. Cool, Well ventilated Rooms. Healthy locality. Street cars pass the door for all parts of the city and Ponce deLeon Springs. 275 may15..d1m

BOARD only $40 per month at Blue Ridge Springs and celebrated Dyspepsia Water. Philip F. Brown, Proprietor. may4...dtf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Yesterday morning, a plain, round gold bracelet. The finder will be suitably rewarded on returning the same to W. H. Clayton, Express Office, Atlanta, Ga. june12..d1t

A SMALL Smith & Wesson Revolver, with black handle lost near the corner of Hunter and Washington streets yesterday. A liberal reward will be paid for its recovery if delivered to H. T. Clark, at Police Headquarters. 204 june11...dtf

LOST—On Washington street, Sunday morning, a Child's Gold Necklace and Locket. The locket in the shape of a book with blue enamelled Masonic Square and Compass on it. The finder will be rewarded by applying at 53 Alabama street. 197 june11..dtf

AUCTION SALES.

AT AUCTION—Three Milk Cows with young Calves will be sold at our auction room this day, Wednesday, 12th, 9 o'clock. D. P. Ellis & Co., Auctioneers. june12...d1t

THIS DAY, 12th instant, 9 o'clock, we will sell in front of our store a desirable lot of House and Kitchen Furniture, Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions, &c. D. P. Ellis & Co., Auctioneers. june12..d1t

The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1878.

THE country is still safe.

WE are not Mexicans by nature, but by training.

WILL gents be kind enough to make room for Mrs. Jenks?

THE cry of the organs is 'Pull down your in-vest-i-gate!"

THE early cucumber has symptoms of revolution in it.

BILL STOREY, although he is in Europe, fights wind mills by proxy.

MACMAHON would like very well to have a talk with Stanley Matthews.

THEY are endeavoring to make Stanley Matthews the old dog Tray of the exhibition.

As a defender of fraud the republican party is one of the most conspicuous successes of the period.

THE real revolutionists are the republican rascals. The country is not likely to forget this point.

BEN BUTLER is not pursuing John Sherman with the ferocity that the facts in the case would seem to warrant.

BROTHER BEECHER gives notice that he is not as badly in favor of the south as he was the other day.

IT seems probable that the recent accident to the venerable William Cullen Bryant will result fatally.

THE swindlers and knaves get up an Indian war whenever it suits their purposes. They have a good deal of fun every summer.

THE CONSTITUTION was the first to call attention to Orville Grant's neat advertisement of his brother. It is a very valuable document.

SOME seem to think that Ben Butler is retained as counsel for John Sherman, but even this will not help the matter.

BEN BUTLER is preparing to put Stanley Matthews in a very awkward position. Perhaps we ought not to mention this, but it always best to be perfectly candid.

IT would pay John Sherman to follow the example of Bishop McCoskry. A man with one hundred witnesses is always guilty, even if he is as innocent as Beecher.

THE editorial poet of the New York Sun is hunting around for a rhyme to "rebel." We would suggest the word "pebble." It may be unsatisfactory, but it can be worked up.

IT is very hard to civilize the red men. The united efforts of all the government thieves have failed to train him up to the point of submitting quietly to the gross swindles that characterize our Indian policy.

IT is impossible to conceive of any combination of circumstances that would prevent an honest man from appearing before a committee of the house. Mr. Stanley Matthews is making quite a reputation by his course.

AMERICAN patriots who desire to be thoroughly Mexicanized in advance of John Sherman should partake of the North American green peach. It makes no difference as to the variety. Merely partake of the green ones.

JOHN SHERMAN wanted Anderson to let the perjury "run on," and it did run on. At present there is something else running on. We do not sympathize with John, but we feel sorry for his family. We know that the feelings of old Tecu . will be hurt be ore the epidemic is over.

MR. DANA's professional poet makes no choice of themes. He seizes the first thing that comes to hand, and moulds it into enduring rhyme. He is not as eloquent as Bobby Burdette, of the Burlington Hawkeye, but he is fully as fluent, and fluency goes a long way in this precarious business.

THE Burlington Hawkeye says THE CONSTITUTION "is one of the most sensible journals in the country." Now that is h way we like to hear a man talk. If he s anything on his mind, let him come right out and say it, like the editor of the Burlington Hawkeye, who seems to speak after due deliberation.

THE papers are publishing what they call the full text of Stanley Matthews's letter refusing to appear before the Potter committee. This is altogether inexact. The great statesman did not write the full text of the letter. To begin with, he suppressed the real reason of his refusal, and to end with he failed to confess in terms that he is the monumental ass of modern American politics.

THE statesmanship of Stanley Matthews seems to be local in its nature. It is not as painful as a bone felon, but it is as much in his way as a wart. He is uncomfortable, but probably not unhappy. We really sympathize with Stanley, but at the same time we would advise him to go before the Potter committee. He can there show the country his power and accomplishments as a witness, and perhaps he may win fame for himself and Mr. Hayes. Who knows?

THE QUESTION OF FENCE.

We presented yesterday the points involved in the coming county election on the question of fence or no fence; with some of the arguments advanced on each side of the fence.

We have nothing to say upon this issue, as it is a matter that our country friends will doubtless settle wiser than we could advise. They will bring to the ballot box an experience and practical sense that we do not pretend to. We only advert to the matter for the purpose of informing our readers upon the nature and importance of the issue, and insisting upon their going out to vote. The only danger in a republican government is that the good people who really desire the ballot frequently omit to use it, and the decision of suffrage is thus prevented. When all the people vote, the decision is very apt to be a correct one.

We hope, therefore, that all of our readers will go to the polls on the first of next July and cast their ballots on the one side or the other of the issue presented. There have been few questions submitted to the ballot more important than this one. It is of practical and immediate interest certainly to every farmer in the county.

MR. STEPHENS'S LETTER.

We give in another column the latest letter from the pen of the distinguished representative of the eighth district. It is full of complaints, with here and there a perceptible tinge of bitterness. He warmly repels the charges that he was in collusion with the republicans in congress or with Mr. Key in reference to the Potter movement. And Mr. Stephens's statement as to these matters will, as we have once before said, be accepted in Georgia without reservation of any kind. But Mr. Stephens is in error when he says: "An equally unjust course on the part of many of the Georgia papers, is that of representing me as being in opposition to the democratic sentiment of the country on the question." If a majority of the democrats of the country believe that the investigation will end in either a contemptible farce or a horrible tragedy—that the whole movement is unwise, most unfortunate and most mischievous—that the house did wrong in passing the Potter resolution without Little Hale's amendment—if the democrats believe all that, then Mr. Stephens is right; otherwise, not. We do not believe a hundred democrats can be found in the cotton states that would endorse any such programme.

While Mr. Stephens had his hand in at the correction of mistakes, it is singular that he did not say something about the diverse constructions placed upon his famous declaration that he would "stand" for the forty-second congress. He has been freely charged with independency; that is indeed the source of his sudden unpopularity. To this he has not a word to say. But the Augusta Chronicle of yesterday morning brings information that still another letter will soon be published, which will define his position as a member of the democratic party. Until that letter appears, we agree with the Chronicle that there should be a suspension of opinion with regard to Mr. Stephens's candidacy for congress.

Mr. Stephens has no just grounds of complaint against THE CONSTITUTION. We have not, on account of the want of space, published the opinion of Mr. Pendleton, but we have given the comments of the state press without favor or prejudice. Most of them were against Mr. Stephens, but for that we should not be blamed. Nor, indeed, do we know that Mr. Stephens blames us. We have endeavored to show the public sentiment of Georgia on this as on all other prominent subjects of the day. Some of the comment was very harsh. It is, however, doubtful, whether, as a whole, it at all outrun the views of the people of the state.

GEORGIA CRAFT AND BOSTON CUNNING.

William Craft, colored, who will be remembered as one of the authors of an ante-bellum sensation, is now engaged in a suit against Naylor & Co., of Boston, for alleged libel. It appears that William, who is supposed to be a Georgia farmer, or something of that kind, went to Boston and gathered up subscriptions for a supposed school, which, in his mind, he had established upon his alleged plantation. We speak carefully, because we don't want Craft to come down here and sue us, and we don't want to offend Naylor & Co., though really such a contingency would be a grateful change from the ordinary every day experience of a daily newspaper. While this is true, it is nevertheless too early in the season to get into business with either Naylor or Craft; wherefore it becomes us to use the cautious terms and phrases with respect to Craft the employment of which has led us into this digression.

Suffice it to say (as the Eatonton Broadaxe and Itemizer would remark) Craft is engaged in the suit as aforesaid, and the trial is one of Boston's sensations. It appears that Naylor & Co. printed something calculated to throw several pailfuls of cold water on Craft's contribution scheme, thereby damaging the plaintiff, as might naturally be supposed, to a considerable amount. They stated, if we interpret the somewhat vague testimony aright, that Craft was somewhat of an imposter; that his farm was a supposed farm, that his school was an alleged school, and that, in short, everything pertaining to Craft was imaginary except his desire to pick up contributions here and there. Of course Craft being a colored man of parts and somewhat careful of his good name, could not stand this sort of thing, and so he has appealed to the law. The Boston papers kindly call it "the Georgia libel case," but, in our opinion, it is a laudable attempt on the part of Craft to discover, by a legal process, whether the character of a quiet and inoffensive colored man can be attacked with impunity in Boston. We forget now whether we sympathize with Craft or with Naylor & Co., but, as a Georgian, Craft has claims on us.

THE NEW INDIAN UPRISING.

The scene of the new hostilities is in eastern Idaho, about seventy-five miles south of east from Boise City, and about one hundred and fifty miles from Fort Hall. The lava beds between Big Camas prairie and Snake river is the stronghold of the now hostile Bannocks, who are there entrenched to the number of about three hundred, under the leadership of Buffalo Horn. Another force of about one hundred Bannocks is engaged in committing depredations on settlers and in attacking trains on the overland wagon road. Between the arms furnished to the Indians by the broken down Illinois politician, Brayman, whom Messrs. Hayes and Schurz appointed governor of Idaho to illustrate the new civil service reform,—between the arms so furnished and the ammunition captured in the wagon trains, the hostile Indians are splendidly equipped for war. There is enough grass and water and wood in the lava beds to subsist Buffalo Horn's force all summer. He is in a strong position, and is trying to secure the help of the Snake Indians, and the Indians on the Upper Columbia river who have usually affiliated with the Bannocks. Buffalo Horn's emissaries are said to be in all the surrounding camps. It is feared that the Pelouse Indians and some of the Nez Perces will be drawn into the struggle. As nearly all the troops in the department of the Platte have been sent north of the Black Hills to oppose an expected invasion of the Sioux under Sitting Bull, it is not strange that the people of Idaho are apprehensive of a bloody and disastrous war. The government is, however, endeavoring to concentrate a considerable force for the protection of the settlers. Gen. Crook has been ordered to send to Fort Hall all the troops he can spare from the line of the Central Pacific railroad, and Gen. Howard is making his way eastward from the division of the Pacific. But all the troops that can be gathered together will find it no easy task to dislodge the Bannocks, who are entrenched in the lava beds as strongly, at least, as the Modocs were.

The story of this uprising presents the same old sickening facts—the same disregard of treaties, the same dishonesty in the agen s selected by the government. The Bannock Indians had invariably been friendly to the whites; and they did not rebel until their wrongs became unsupportable. During the whole of the winter of 1876-77 only one-half of the rations of flour, beef and potatoes to which they were entitled were issued; on the first of March all the beef was gone; on the twentieth of the following April all general issues were stopped, and the Indians were left in a pitiable condition, the mountains and foot-hills being covered with snow and there being very little game in that part of the country. They did the best they could, however. They tried to raise wheat and vegetables, but the government refused in the face of plain treaty stipulations to supply them with implements and seeds. It in fact left them and yet leaves them to starve, after placing them on a reservation that is almost wholly destitute of game. It owes the Bannock and Snake Indians no less than twenty-three annual treaty installments of clothing, and three or four of goods. What could these unfortunate Indians do but fight? It is true they could fold their arms and starve, but that would be scarcely natural. From Brayman to the last employee of the Indian bureau the Indians have received little besides injustice. The whole concern is corrupt, heartless and fraudulent. If Schurz and the beautiful Brayman could be put in the front of the fight at the lava beds, or in the places of either the starving Indians or the unprotected white settles, perhaps a ray of hope would appear. As it is, nothing less than a transfer of the Indian business to the war department gives any encouragement for the future. We have soldiers enough and to spare if we can find a handful of honest men for Indian agents. It is very fairly demonstrated that the republican party does not contain enough.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

"Oh, Ask Something Hard!"

ATLANTA, June 8.

MESSRS EDITORS: Will you please inform me what bird it is that has solid bones like a quadruped? An early answer is solicited by him to whom you said, "ask me something hard." W. H. P.

The apteryx of New Zealand is the bird most distinguished for this. The apteryx (from "a" privative, and "pteron," a wing,) is a bird without wings, having only two spurs in the place of those appendages. He has a remarkably long bill, and frequently leans on it as an old man would on a cane. He burrows in the earth like a hog, and is very slow in his movements. The bones of all flying birds as hawks, eagles, etc. are pneumatic or aerated to a high degree. The bones of divers and runners, such as penguins, ostriches, etc., are comparatively solid. The apteryx is the only bird with bones as solid as those of a manual.

On the 17th of July.

COVINGTON, June 6.

MESSRS EDITORS: When does the next meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta cotton factory take place? P.

On the 17th of July.

A Dead Letter Law.

ROME, GA., June 6.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Is there is a law in Georgia against the dissection of human bodies by physicians or medical students? J.

There is such a law on some of the statute books, but it is a dead letter. Dissections take place constantly at all of our medical colleges.

IN GENERAL.

—It remains to be seen if Dr. Nobeling knew the gun was loaded.

—Senator McCreery has at all times an expression of supernatural solemnity, yet he is the wittiest man in the senate.

—The Boston Globe makes the next house stand: Democrats, 186; republicans, 107—a democratic majority of 79.

—Fernando Wood, Proctor Knott and Angus Cameron all take wonderful pride in their snow-white military moustaches.

—A barefoot Syracuse girl kicked a burglar out of a house, and an observing mule went behind the barn and wept.

—When a man's upper story is without tenants, you will hear his mouth announce the fact.—Whitehall Times Philosopher.

—Wm. H. Vanderbilt, during his stay in Paris, purchased pictures by celebrated artists to the amount, it is said, of $200,000.

—Speaker Randall is an advocate of "sessions for debate only." He says congressmen must have an occasional opportunity to speak to their constituents from their base of operations.

—Mrs. Senator Pendleton is a daughter of Francis Scott Key, author of the "Star Spangled Banner," and all Washington society awaits her *entree*.

—"Brazil's treasury is empty." Dom Pedro, old boy, shake; two souls without a single cent, two hearts that long for tin—but when did you start a newspaper?—Brookville Democrat.

—If Joe Bradley carefully reads Anderson's testimony he will wonder why Key holes weren't made big enough for men to crawl through.

—It is said nine Chicago lawyers and nine insurance men are matched to play a game of base ball. They will have no need of wire screens for protecting their cheeks.

—The Duchess of Argyll, who died suddenly of apoplexy, at the residence of the duke, in London, on the 25th ult., at the age of 54, was the mother of five sons and seven daughters—the youngest 14 years of age.

—We sell abroad, on the whole, about two per cent. of our total manufactures; if we could sell ten per cent to foreigners every factory in the land would run on full time and we should presently be building new ones.

—The marriage of Mrs. Schunk, daughter of Hon. Jere Black, to Mr. Hornsby, a wealthy merchant of Louisville, Ky., is set for June 20, at York, Pa. The marriage is to be very private. Only the near relatives and most intimate friends of the parties interested are to be present.

—The Shreveport Standard treated Mr. Brignoli very handsomely. It said of the old man: "Signor Brignoli exhibits unusual resonance and power in the crescendo, being perfectly free from the charge of nasality or stridor in the climacteric finale."

—Mrs. Besant, whose persistent publication of her radical opinions has gained unenviable notoriety in London, has just been adjudged by the master of the rolls an unfit person to have charge of her infant daughter. Mrs Besant is separated from her husband, who is a Protestant Episcopal clergyman.

—"Only a tress of a woman's hair!"
The lover musingly, fondly said;
"And yet it forms a halo fair
To-night above her sacred head!"
"Only a tress of a woman's hair!"
The maiden, smiling, sweetly said,
And laid it on the back of a chair
And went to bed!

—Hannibal Hamlin has lived a long time, and has not lived in vain. He has accomplished the partial restoration of the franking privilege, so that he can send his soiled linen to the Kennebec to have it washed. If his life is spared until such time as he is enabled to have it sent back from the Kennebec to Washington, free of charge, the old man will be ready to be gathered to his fathers.

—A water-wagtail has built her nest for two years beneath the roof of a third-class carriage on the London and Southwestern railway. The carriage is in constant use, but the bird does not appear to be in the least disturbed by the noise or jolting of travel, but complacently accompanies her brood. The cock-bird is philosophic, and when his spouse departs on a trip quietly awaits her return.

—Now that the repeal of the bankrupt act has been set forward four months and is to take effect on the 1st of September instead of the 1st of January, '79, gentlemen contemplating a suspension of payments will have to hasten their preparations. Some of them may even have to give up the European tour or the trip to Saratoga in order to fail quite comfortably and decently. It was inconsiderate to put so much work upon such citizens during the warm months.

—Ex-Governor Horatio Seymour has for some time been in correspondence with the war department in relation to the question of adopting cheese as a ration in our army. He has so far succeeded in his attempts, which have been seconded by Senator Conkling and Kernan, that a government agent is soon to be sent out to investigate the matter. Governor Seymour believes that if this measure should succeed in the United States army it would aventually be adopted by European armies also, and thus furnish a new and large field to be supplied by this important branch of our farming industry.

—Every day seems to increase the audacity of the communists in Europe, and assassination or attempts at murder follow one another almost daily. The last victim is the chief of police at Kiev, who fell under a bullet more unerring than that which Vera Sasulitch directed against Trepoff in St. Petersburg. Kiev has been a city almost as venerated in the past history of Russia as Mecca is by the Arabs. It is still called holy Kiev by the orthodox Russian, and is inextricably blended with the beautiful story of Prascovia Lopouloff, the real name of the heroine whose filial tenderness and devotion have been embalmed for all time in the exquisite story of "Elizabeth, or the Exiles of Siberia."

—At Madrid an attempt has just been made to imitate the famous fair of Seville. The prado was lined with tents and booths. Pavillions were erected for banquets on a large scale. Everybody who was not playing a guitar was perpetually dancing, and the excursion trains brought 40,000 people into the town. For the bull-fight, the chief attraction, as much as 2,500 reals were paid for a box and 200 for an ordinary stall. There are amateur as well as professional bull-fighters in Madrid, and 250 ladies assembled to see the dukes and marquises play the part of banderilleros against two-year-old bulls, the chief box being occupied by a daughter of Marshal Serrano, by Senorita Loring, and by the daughter of the Marquis Porrecilla.

—It used to be thought odd in London to see portraits of princesses of the royal family elbowing celebrities of the demi-monde. The demi-monde has lately had to contend with the monde in general, and of the highest social rank. Photographs of most of the women famous this season for beauty may not only be seen out bought. The American belle may compare her charms with those of her English rivals if she likes to send an order for them. The countess of Dudley, the duchess of Manchester, the marchioness of Bute, the duchess of Norfolk (who does not compete for the prize of mere good looks) Mrs. Cornwallis West, Mrs. Sloane Stanley, Mrs. Langtry, Lady Gladys Herbert, the countess of Ilchester, are all there, some of them in a half a dozen different poses, of which more than one are of a highly theatrical kind.

LITTLE ALECK'S LARRUP.

Mr. Stephens Denies Some Things, and Neglects to Deny Others.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 6 1878.

Wm. H. Moore, Evening News, Augusta, Ga.—Dear Sir: Your kind letter of the 3d inst. was received this morning. For it you will please allow me to return you my sincere thanks. I also feel it to be due to you, as well as myself, to return like thanks for the copy of the Evening News to which you refer, and in which you vindicate me from some of the gross misrepresentations of my recent conduct which are now being spread broadcast throughout the land by newspapers, especially in Georgia, from which I expected better things; or at least from which I had no reason to expect so bad treatment. After I had so explicitly and unqualifiedly denied the truth of the statement that I had conferred with the republicans, and had furnished a list of the names of twenty-two democrats, or any other number, as set forth in Mr. Potter's letter, I did not expect any Georgia paper would have so far reflected upon my character for truth and veracity as to re-publish, without comment, an anonymous telegram to the effect that, notwithstanding my denial, yet such a list had been furnished by me. A more infamous falsehood never was inspired by the most venomous heart. On a par with this was the recent telegram, that after the first day's investigation an attempt had been made to interview me to know what I thought of it, and that I was "too sick to be seen." This is utterly untrue. On the contrary, on inquiry I said the developments were just as I expected they would be.

It seems to have been the studious effort on the part of a number of Georgia papers to represent me as being "opposed to an investigation of frauds!" This is also utterly untrue. I was opposed to a one-sided investigation; and I was opposed to any investigation with a view to unseating Hayes. That question I consider as constitutionally settled. It was a matter *res adjudicati*, as much so as the right of any member to a seat in the house after it had been adjudicated by a decision of the house. I desired the frauds thoroughly exposed with a view chiefly to guide future legislation, so as to prevent a repetition of like evils hereafter. Such a bill is now before congress.

An equally unjust course on the part of many of the Georgia papers, is that of representing me as being in opposition to the democratic sentiment of the country on this question.

In your paper alone, among the Georgia press, have I seen the opinion of Geo. H. Pendleton and divers others of the truest and best Jeffersonian democrats throughout the union. They fully concur with me, and if I am to be ruled out of the party what is to become of them? What of Hendricks, Jerry Black and the Pennsylvania democracy?

Another grossly unjust imputation against my kindred papers is that my letter in reply to Mr. Potter's was written in concert with Mr. Key. The truth is I never conferred with Mr. Key for a moment on any political question in my life. All my interviews with him have been brief, not one of them over ten minutes at a time, and all of them upon the subject of appointments to office. When I wrote my letter I knew no more of his than I did of the machinations of those who have thus attempted to assail my character. But I have no time to say more, except to repeat my thanks for your efforts to vindicate the truth in these days of moral degeneration. Very respectfully,

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

THE CYCLONE'S TRACK.

GUY H. AVERY.

'Tis peace on the breast
Of the blossoming west;
The roses bloom
With rare perfume;
The ploughman plods
Through the yielding sods;
The cattle graze
Near the waving maize,
Or lie at ease
'Neath the willow trees,
And all is peace—
But hark! a moan!
A single moan!
Far out on the plain,
As of one in pain;
A single moan,
Just this alone!
'Twas the lonely croon
Of the startled loon,
Or the moaning dove
From the maple above;
On through the sods
The ploughman plods,
And the cattle graze
Near the waving maize,
And all is peace—
But hark! Again.
That moaning strain!
Nearer now,
Clearer now,
Fiercer in tone!
Now here, now there—
Everywhere
In the air!
Behind, before!
A thunderous roar!
And the Cyclone sweeps o'er
Bursting in wrath
In the ploughman's path,
Hurling death
On the blossoming heath,
Leaving a track
Grim, blasted and black.

—The Graphic.

Ben Hill on the Situation

Cincinnati Commercial special.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Senator Hill, of Georgia, in conversation with the Commercial correspondent to-day, said that he believes that the investigation now in progress will not lead to anything alarming. He does not believe that it is possible to connect Hayes with any of the alleged frauds. His confidence in him is still unshaken. As to the charge that the southern members contemplated unseating Hayes, it is utterly and wickedly false. Hayes is legally the president, and will be sustained by every southern man during his term. All talk about revolution is pure gammon. The only way to oust Hayes is by impeachment. To bring articles of impeachment would require the clearest proof that he had guilty knowledge of the frauds, that the frauds, in fact, elected him, and that he rewarded the offenders after he became president, with full knowledge of their guilt. No such proof has been yet adduced, and the senator believes it will not be.

In regard to the cry of revolution, it is a matter of fact that more republicans in the two branches of congress would be glad to see Hayes ousted, no matter how, than democrats. As to the wild proposition that when the senate becomes democratic the two houses should refuse to recognize Hayes, he does not believe there are to exceed twelve democrats in both branches who would favor this.

As for Senator Matthews in his unfortunate predicament, he has the esteem, respect and sympathy of every senator. They do not believe him guilty of intentional wrong. The trouble will be to make the country understand Matthews as those do who know him. As the case stands now, he thinks Matthews is the most hurt man that the investigation has touched.

Senator Hill thinks that before the affair is over, the southern members will give the country another example of their wisdom, moderation and patriotism. Aid and comfort for revolution and Mexicanization will never be had from the south. "We cannot tell what a few northern democrats and sore-headed republicans might try to do, but they will get no comfort from the southern representatives."

What Mr. Bell Has Not Done.

Gainesville North Georgian.

Last week we replied to the gentlemen of the independent way of thinking, and told him what Hon. H. P. Bell had done, and now we propose to tell him a few things he has not done. He has never missed a vote save one, and then he was too ill to go to the capitol. He has never tried to ruin the democratic party to secure his own preferment. He has never courted the radical vote, nor entered into entangling alliances with then. He has never paid negroes to canvass their counties for three or four days before the election, in order to secure the negro votes. He has never had leading negro radicals in one county to write letters to negro radicals in other counties, advising them to vote for him on the ground that he is their friend, and not "a negro hater." He has never hopelessly divided the democratic party in his own county, in the effort to secure the appointment of delegates that would support him in the nominating convention. He has never gotten secret nor open control of a newspaper in order that he might "blow his own horn." He has never and will never become a "self-instituted candidate" for congress, but proposes to stand by the organization, whether it puts him or some other honest democrat in the field. And for this reason he ought, with such a record as he has made, to be nominated by acclamation.

Judge Crawford Not a Candidate.

Columbus Enquirer.

About two months ago, after our first articles urging Judge Crawford's name for congress, he called upon us and requested us to announce through our columns that he could not become a candidate for the position. Colonel Salisbury, our lamented proprietor, upon information of the fact, with all the ardor of his nature, earnestly insisted upon Judge Crawford's not making any such announcement, saying that there was no call upon him to do so, and no necessity for it, and that it could be done at the proper time, if required. Judge Crawford thinks that the time has arrived, and that it would be unjust both to his friends and himself longer to delay it and requests us so to state.

Pete Lawshe' Unkind Remarks

Gainesville Southron.

Hon. A. H. Stephens and Postmaster General Key just simply made a very ugly "slop over" in their recent open letters on the fraud committee business. We would not find fault if they had only drabbed themselves with the scum, but inasmuch as they have splashed dirty water on the democratic party, we hope that party will let them drown in the slime they have themselves manufactured.

A Big Job, Sure Enough.

Philadelphia Chronicle, dem.

The work now before the republican organs is to prove that Anderson is the most unmitigated liar on the face of the earth, and that John Sherman is a second Washington, who couldn't tell a lie if he tried. It's a big task, but some of them have undertaken it.

The Innocent Creatures.

Washington Post.

At length we have a parallel for the innocence of Stanley Matthews. A beautiful and well developed yellow-legged chicken entered the auditorium where the clergy of the M. E. church were in conference at Atlanta the other day.

John's Death.

Keokuk Constitution.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION thinks John Sherman ought to hire a hall. Better hire a hearse, John's dead.

Hayes vs Grant.

Milwaukee Sentinel.

President Hayes has no fool brother, as far as heard from—but he has his Stanley Matthews.

Homicide at Dalton.

Chattanooga Times.

In an altercation at Dalton yesterday between Dr. R. Warren and a Mr Bivings, both of that place, Bivings struck Dr. Warren on the back of the head with a stick, breaking his neck and causing instant death. Bivings then went to his house and was arrested and placed in jail. The tragedy occurred in the main street of Dalton, and created much excitement. Both the men are highly respected, and the sad affair is deplored by their friends. Dr. Warren was married about eight months ago and Bivings four months later.

New Advertisements.

New Garden Nurseries

Established, A. D. 1828.

JOSHUA LINDLEY & SON,

PROPREITORS

OUR stock this season is larger and of superior quality than in former years. In many departments we have made considerable additions, and shall endeavor to send our produce *True* to name, *well* established and in every way satisfactory.
Send for descriptive Catalogue.
Address orders to our General Agents.
COL. JNO. A. SLOAN, Greensboro, N. C.
mar8..dlaw&w3mo

—By every consideration of profit and propriety, the blood should be kept absolutely pure by using Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture. 243

My Ware House and Store and its immense lot of Metallic and Wooden Burial Cases and Caskets is at No. 26 West Alabama streets. The finest Hearse in the State. Will attend Funerals at reasonable rates. Funeral Notices given in city papers free of charge.
275 jan15 d1y ... FRANK X. BLILEY.

99 Cent Store.

99 CENT STORE.

JUST RECEIVED

100 DOZEN PATENT

SELF-RIGHTING CUSPADORES.

In various colors, selling at 99c a *pair*. Examine them; you will find that they are cheaper than can be bought elsewhere in town.

Have just received a large assortment of Chromos, Panel Pictures, Scrap Books, Portfolios, Spring Back Music Folios, Albums, etc.

New lot of

SILVER-PLATED WARE,

Just in consisting of Castors, Sugar Bowls, Butter Dishes, Syrup Cups, Cream Pitchers, Spoon-Holders, Pickle Castors, Goblets, Mugs, Napkin Rings, Inkstands, Vases, etc.

Have on hand, also, a fine line of Silver-Plated Forks, Spoons and Knives; a great variety of Pocket Knives.

50 FIVE-FOOT STEP-LADDERS,

with patent arrangement to set the bucket on. Light, neat and strong. Only 99 cents, at

No. 71 WHITEHALL STREET.

Catalogues free to any address.

L. F. STEVENS.

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L.S.L. A

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SEVENTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION, 1878, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, JULY 9th.

Louisiana State Lottery Com'y.

This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, with a Capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve, fund of $350,000. **Its Grand Single Number Distributions** will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. *It never scales or postpones.* Look at the following Distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.

100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH. HALF TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize	30,000
1 Capital Prize	10,000
1 Capital Prize	5,000
2 Prizes of $2500	5,000
5 Prizes of 1000	5,000
20 Prizes of 500	10,000
100 Prizes of 100	10,000
200 Prizes of 50	10,000
500 Prizes of 20	10,000
1000 Prizes of 10	10,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.	
9 Approximation Prizes of $300	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900
1857 Prizes, amounting to	$110,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.

Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans.

Write, clearly stating full address, for further information or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La.
Or to AMOS FOX, 5 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G. T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY.

000 june12..d wed fr sun 4w&w4t

Northeastern Railroad.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Athens, Ga., June 1, 1878.

SCHEDULE

ON and after June 10th, 1878, trains on this road will run as follows.

Leave Athens	7:00 a m
Arrive Lula	9:15 a m
Arrive at Atlanta via A L R R	12:00 m
Leave Atlanta via A L R R	2 40 p m
Leave Lula	5:25 p m
Arrive at Athens	7:45 p m

Trains daily except Sunday.
Close connections made between Athens and Atlanta each way.
J. M. EDWARDS, Superintendent.
000 june9 dtf

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

Great Kennesaw Route

—VIA—

Western and Atlantic Railroad

ON and after Sunday, June 9th, 1878, Triple Daily Passenger trains will be run by the Old Reliable Kennesaw Route.

The Fast Mail Train North

Leaves Atlanta at	2 15 p m
Arrives Knoxville at	10 30 p m
Arrives Bristol at	3 30 a m
Arrives Lynchburg at	1 30 p m
Arrives Washington at	9 15 p m
Arrives New York at	6 45 a m

The Fast Mail Train South

Leaves New York at	8 55 p m
Leaves Washington at	6 35 a m
Arrives Atlanta at	12 05 noon

Only 39 hours from New York to Atlanta.

Pullman Cars run daily between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery VIA ATLANTA to Washington WITHOUT CHANGE, connecting closely at Washington with Pullman Cars and Coaches for New York without change.

Pullman Palace Cars leave New York daily, making close connection at Washington with Pullman Cars for Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobile, and New Orleans.

The Kennesaw Route is the only line offering such through car arrangements.

No change of trains between New Orleans and New York by the Kennesaw.

THE FAST MAIL TRAIN

Also make close close connection at Chattanooga from and to all points West.

THE EXPRESS TRAIN NORTH

Leaves Atlanta at ... 7 00 a m
which makes close connection for Rome and all the

Virginia and Tennessee Springs

also at Chattanooga for all points West.

The Express Train South

Arrives at Atlanta ... 10 40 p m
making connection from all points West. Also from VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE SPRINGS

The Accommodation

Leaves Atlanta daily (ex'pt Sunday) ... 5 00 p m
Arrives Atlanta daily (ex'pt Sunday) ... 8 40 a m

The Kennesaw Route is offering the LOWEST RATES to all Summer Resorts along its line. Commutation and Monthly Tickets for Summer season at LOW RATES.

Send for Guide Book to Summer Resorts.

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.
600 june8...dtf

INMAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS,

NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL,

Every Thursday and Saturday

City of Berlin,	5491	City of Brussels,	3775
City of Richmond,	4607	City of New York,	3500
City of Chester,	4566	City of Paris,	3081
City of Montreal,	4490	City of Brooklyn,	2911

These magnificent steamers, built in watertight compartments, are among the strongest, largest and fastest on the Atlantic.

The saloons are luxuriously furnished, especially well lighted and ventilated and take up the whole width of the ship. The principal staterooms are amidship, forward of the engines, where least noise and motion is felt, and are replete with every comfort, having all the latest improvements, double berths, electric bells, &c.

The cuisine has always been a specialty of this Line. The Ladies' cabins and bathrooms, Gentlemen's smoking and bathrooms, Barbers' shops, libraries, &c., provided.

For rates of passage and other information apply to JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 31 and 33 Broadway, New York.

8 mar6..d6m wed fri ..

Railroad Schedule.

Atlanta & Charlotte Air-Line R'y

TIME TABLES. IN EFFECT JUNE 9, 1878

NO. 1—MAIL TRAIN—EASTWARD.

Time of Arrival A. M.	Time of Departure P. M.	
	2 40	ATLANTA
2 20		CHARLOTTE.
2 30		AIR-LINE JUNCTION.
3 25	5 16	At Lula, Ga., with the Northeast Railroad for Athens, Ga
7 48	7 49	At Seneca, with Blue Ridge Railroad for Walhalla and Belton, Pendleton and Anderson, C H.
9 38	9 39	At Greenville, S. C., with the Greenville and Columbia Railroad for Williamston, Pelton, Honey Path, Due West, Hodges, Cokesbury, Abbeville C H, Greenwood, Ninety six, Newberry, Alston and Columbia
10 55	10 56	At Spartanburg, with the Spartanburg, for Union & Columbia Railroad, Union, Santuck, Alston and Columbia, and the Spartanburg and Ashville Railroad, for Tryon Mountain, connecting here with Stages for Flat Rock, Hendersonville, Ashville and Warm Springs N. C. A fine and well finished hotel at the foot of this mountain.
1 14	1 15	At Gaston, with Chester and Lenoir Narrow Guage Railroad, for Dallas, Pleasant Ridge, Yorkville and Chester
2 20	3 15	At CHARLOTTE, with the Richmond and Danville Railroad, for all points North, East and West, and for Virginia Springs. With the Carolina Central Railroad, for Munroe, Wadesboro, Rockingham, Hamlet, Lumberton, Williamston, Lincolnton, Shelby, Wilmington and intermediate points. With Atlantic, Tenn & Ohio Railroad for Statesville, Newton, Hickory, Morganton, Marion, Henry's and Old Fort.
6 46	6 56	At Greensboro, with Eastern Division N. C. Railroad, for Company Shops, Hillsboro, Durham, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Kinston, Newbern and Beaufort, and Salem Branch Railroad, for Salem and Winston.

NO. 2—MAIL TRAIN—WESTWARD.

Time of Arrival A. M.	Time of Departure A. M.	
	1 10	AIR-LINE JUNCTION.
	1 18	CHARLOTTE.
12 00		At ATLANTA, Connections with the Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line, A & W. Pt. R. R.) and the Kennesaw Route, (W. & A. R. R) for all points in Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas and the Northwest. With the Central Railroad of Georgia, for Macon, Savannah, Brunswick, and all points in Southwestern Georgia and Florida. With the Georgia Railroad for Augusta, Charleston, Port Royal and Savannah.

NO. 3—Accommodation Train, Daily—Eastward

For the accommodation of visitors to summer and watering places of North Georgia. Also, for business men and others desiring to locate their families for the summer on the line of this road.

Time of Arrival P. M.	Time of Departure P. M.	
	5 00	Atlanta.
		Edwardsville.
5 32	5 33	Goodwin's.
5 44	5 45	Doraville.
5 58	5 59	Norcross.
6 14	6 15	Duluth.
6 31	6 32	Suwanee.
6 50	7 05	Buford.
7 21	7 23	Flowery Branch.
		Odell's.
7 50	7 52	Gainesville.
7 57	7 58	New Holland.
8 09	8 10	White Sulphur Springs.
8 16	8 31	Lula
8 35		Belton.

NO. 4—WESTWARD.

A. M.	A. M.	
	5 00	Belton.
5 03	5 05	Lula.
5 20	5 22	White Sulphur Springs.
5 33	5 34	New Holland.
5 39	5 41	Gainesville.
		Odell's.
6 03	6 07	Flowery Branch.
6 25	6 40	Buford
6 56	6 57	Suwanee.
7 12	7 13	Duluth.
7 28	7 29	Norcross.
7 42	7 43	Doraville.
7 52	7 55	Goodwin's
		Edwardsville.
8 30		Atlanta

Way Freight and Accommodation Train. Daily (Except Sunday) to Central, S. C.

Leave Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrive at Central	7 10 p m
Leave Central	4 40 a m
Arrive Atlanta	4 30 p m
Leave Charlotte	7 00 a m
Arrive Central	6 05 p m
Leave Central	6 25 a m
Arrive Charlotte	6 00 p m

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New York without change by this train. Tickets for sale at the principal Ticket Offices throughout the country.

G. J. FOREACRE, G. M.
W. J. HOUSTON, G. P. and P. A.
000 june12...dtf

THE MACON & BRUNSWICK R. R.

—AND THE—

CUMBERLAND ROUTE

TO ALL POINTS IN

FLORIDA.

Passenger Service.

THE above line offers unrivalled time facilities, and comforts from Atlanta and contiguous country to all points in Florida. In Passenger Service this route is one train quicker than any other line. Leave Atlanta daily, Sundays included, via Macon, Brunswick, and Fernandina, at 2.30 p. m. In conveniences, appointments, and outfit the line is unsurpassed. Lucas Palace Sleepers on all night trains. Tickets on sale at the Union Depot.

Freight Service.

In Freight Service this line has connections via Brunswick with a line of Steamers, in addition to its own, by which superior facilities and prompt dispatch is offered in freights via Brunswick to Darien, all points on the Satella River, St. Marys, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and all points on the Upper St. Johns River. Also, to all points on the Atlantic, Gulf and West India Transit Cos. R. R: to Cedar Keys, and points on the Gulf; and to points on the Jacksonville, Pensacola and Mobile Railroad. RATES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. Dispatch equal to any line, and to some points greatly superior, being daily. All claims promptly adjusted.

For rates, routes, and any and all other information, either in passenger or freight service, please communicate with the Atlanta Agent of the Line, Mr. Chas. A. DeSaussure, Merchants Bank (up-stairs), or the undersigned at Macon, Georgia. HENRY M. DRANE,
Gen. Freight, Ticket and Passenger Agent.
00 june5..dtf

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., June 7, 1878.

ON and after Sunday, June 9th, 1878, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST

Leaves Savannah	9 20 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 20 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	9 16 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 12 a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte for all points West and North.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	11 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 20 a m
Leave Macon	7 00 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	3 15 p m
Leaves Augusta	8 30 a m

Making connection at Augusta for the North and East, and at Savannah with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	7 20 p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 45 p m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Macon	8 00 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	1 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	8 20 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	3 36 p m
Arrives at Albany	2 08 p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	9 15 a m
Arrives at Columbus	3 15 p m

THROUGH SLEEPER TO AUGUSTA ON TRAIN No. 2.

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula and Albany daily making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line; at Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroads; at Columbus with Western and Mobile and Girard Railroads.

Eufaula train connects at Fort Valley for Perry daily except Sunday, and at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and returning leave Fort Gaines Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4:47 a. m.

Train on Blakeley Extension leaves Albany Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	3 05 p m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	6 55 p m
Leaves Albany	10 10 a m
Leaves Eufaula	8 20 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula & Albany	3 05 p m
Leaves Columbus	11 00 a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	5 05 p m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15 a m

Making close connection at Savannah with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah and train No. 1 from Macon, which trains connect daily, except Monday, for these points.

WILLIAM ROGERS,
General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah.
W. J. RAOUL,
Supt. Southwestern Railroad, Macon.
000 june13. dtf

The Constitution.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—The route to the Florida fish-traps lies through Columbus.

—As John Lowlow, the clown, used to remark, it is better to have fun than go without clothes.

—A sympathetic public has never fully realized the fact that Mrs. Sothern rubs snuff.

—Johnston, of the Valdosta Times, pretends that he is interested in politics. This is too thin.

—Gregg Wright, of the Augusta Chronicle, is hereby informed that the Tallulah red-bug is ready for business.

—A Griffin man, evidently Daws Alexander, writes: "If pickles make you sick is it necessary to call a physician? Not at all. Cauliflower."

—A Wilkinson county man has a hairy trunk ninety-three years old, and there is so much vitality in it, it has to be shaved every fourth of July.

—Whenever Bill Moore, of the Augusta Evening News, gets mad, he goes up the canal, and carries all his friends with him.

—Mayor Angier didn't write his letter to Key for publication, but merely for the purpose of giving a friendly endorsement to the position of the postmaster general.

—Triplett, of the Thomasville Times, is striving hard to become a married man. He couldn't be more in earnest about it if he was working for a regular salary.

—A Washington county hog weighs 700 pounds. As Mr. Bulwer remarked some years ago, the pen is mightier than the sword.

—A Savannah landlady whacked her pet boarder over the head the other day because he disputed the texture of the sausage. And yet the man was not to blame.

—A Cartersville correspondent wants to know if bay windows are always dressed up in lace curtains. A lace. We fear not. Bay windows should have blinds to them. It is only sorrel or cream-colored windows that have lace curtains.

—Bill Arp is not so desirous of knowing whether snakes lay eggs as he is of learning how they set—down. It will require several years of old-fashioned farming to learn Bill anything about insects.

—The loss of the gin factory of Thos Wynn, at Belair, is estimated at $9,000.

—There are upwards of sixty schools in the limits of Franklin county.

—Social Circle is stirring up another swimming match for the 4th of July.

—A candy and cracker factory will be established in Savannah.

—There is a dramatic club of young colored men in Savannah.

—G. L. Mason has been elected captain of the Macon guards.

—The mineral spring at Newnan is much resorted to.

—The peach crop of Floyd county promises to be the most abundant for years.

—Gainesville city officials buried their first pauper this year a day or two since.

—North Georgian: The summer visitors are making their appearance in considerable numbers.

—Not a death occurred among the whites of Americus for the month of May.

—The Oglethorpe Light Infantry, of Savannah, have organized a rifle club, with Major J. P. Brooks as president.

—Mrs. Lubman, of Augusta, has donated the old Christian church to Richmond county for school purposes.

—Mr. Sims, of Ousley, Lowndes county, has forty acres planted in watermelons.

—Mrs. J. S. Barnett, of Valdosta, has a quilt in which there are over five thousand pieces, and the quilt is only about two-thirds completed.

—The colored people of Griffin have been running a meeting at one of their churches for three weeks. They have from five or eight sermons daily.

—North Georgian: Corn and cotton are growing very rapidly. Our farmers are putting in the licks and have their crops clean.

—Dalton Enterprise: Mrs. Nailon was thrown from a wagon by a pair of runaway mules one day last week, and seriously injured.

—Dalton Enterprise: Mr. H. C. Hamilton says the rabbits are so thick in the country that travelers have to whip them out of the road before they can pass.

—The Macon library circulated 1,232 volumes during the month of May. The board have decided to send delegates to the convention of library officers and directors, to be held in Atlanta on the 19th inst.

—Lumpkin Independent: We notice in many places a crop of fifty bushels of oats to the acre is considered a fine yield. Our premium patches that produce from ninety to a hundred and twenty-five and thirty are the best that have been produced from any section.

—Monroe Advertiser: The grand jury of Houston county have, in their general presentments, made an appeal to Gov. Colquitt to grant Mrs. Kate Sothern a full pardon. They say: "We are persuaded that a wife has the same right to protect the peace and happiness of a home that a husband has." For the life of us we cannot see what a grand jury of Houston county has to do with the pardon of a murderess from Pickens county.

—Gainesville Southron: There is a coal-black negro living with a white woman ten miles above Gainesville, on the Air-Line road, and this, too, in direct violation of the statutes of Georgia on the subject. We have cows in Gainesville that can put their front feet on top of a five-foot fence and eat up a peachtree seven feet inside the enclosure. A live panther has recently been near Lula junction.

—The Georgia Hussars of Savannah have decided upon having a grand tournament for the riflemen of Georgia, Florida, Alabama and South Carolina in that city on the 22d of July next, and at their last weekly meeting adopted a programme which is the basis of the annexed circular, issued by the president of the association. The object is to stimulate in the south the interest that is being manifested throughout the country in rifle shooting, and bring together in a grand contest the "crack shots" of the states named.

A Dining.

NEW YORK, 10.—The Lotus club last night gave a farewell dinner to John T. Raymond, (Col. Sellers) who sails for Europe next Saturday.

Open to All Sexes.

NEW YORK, June 10—Stewart's hotel exclusively for women has been thrown open to the general public.

—Happy tidings for nervous sufferers and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked, Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Etc.

JOHN RYAN

Will offer on Monday!

And the following days, the entire stock of

Dry Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths,

LAMBREQUINS,

Silks, Dress Goods,

And everything in his Immense Warerooms at

Great Sacrifice from Former Prices.

This is done simply to reduce stock and prepare for the fall season. Every one knows that John Ryan has purchased very largely from the late Auction Importers' Sales, and as he thinks he has made a little money on his sales since that time he can now sell the balance at

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE,

and thereby benefit his Customers, at the same time he will clear out his entire stock and hopes to benefit himself.

The stock of Carpets is very large and will favorably compare with anything in America. English Tapestry Carpets, Fine Body Brussels, Three-Ply Ingrains, Hemp, Lemoleuan, American and English Oil Cloths, fresh Canton Matting, Stair-Rods, Mats, &c,

Curtain Laces 250 pieces 12c to 75c.

In Dress Goods the finest selection to be found in any house this side of New York.

20 cases English Snow Flake 6½c, 8c, 10c, and 12½c.

15 cases Bourette Cloth Suiting 15 cents and 20 cents.

14 cases English Matelasse 20c and 25c per yard, reduced from 30 and 37½c.

10 cases Black Tamise Cloth, 50c, 65c, 75c, and $1 00, other houses price the same goods 1 00 to $1 50, according as they find their customer.

The gradual sweeping away of those houses whose only Capital was Credit, has enabled men of Capital and Means to place before their customers Bargains really not to be expected.

400 PIECES OF CALICO, FAST COLORS, AT 4 CENTS

Ladies', Misses', Boy's, Youths and Gentlemen's HATS will be sold at retail at wholesale prices, as John Ryan purchases hats entirely by the case. No other house can possibly compare in prices with him.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's BOOTS AND SHOES, my exclusive styles and surpassing prices in this department are attracting the patronage of ladies to such an extent as to crowd this department to its utmost capacity. A full assortment of Miles & Son, celebrated manufacturers, just received; also, Smaltz, Monroe & Co., Philadelphia. No imperfect Shoes for sale.

Large lots of Grenadines with Silk Stripes, commencing at 6½c, up to the finest imported.

John Ryan will also offer during the week, as soon as received, several cases purchased by his New York resident buyer at the great sale of Wright, Bliss and Fabyan, Honey Comb Quilts, Crochet Quilts, Marseilles Quilts, White Pique, Sheetings, Shirtings, Victoria Lawn and several other goods, the invoice not yet received, owing to the largeness of the sale and quantity sold.

John Ryan has also received intelligence that his New York Buyer has purchased the entire stock of a New York Suit manufacturer at an enormous sacrifice. Those Suits he is informed are stylish and well made and the quantity being very large, he will offer them at a very small margin of profit. Prices will be from $2 to $12. Those parties desiring samples will please order at once as the prices will sell the goods readily.

John Ryan will say in conclusion that he has the most complete stock of Dry Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Lace Goods, Lambrequins, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Trunks, Notions, and an endless variety of all other goods in his line and thinks that no one, in justice to himself, purchasing goods in this market, can afford to buy goods in other houses before inspecting his stock and knowing his prices, though they may importune you, as they have done before, with tears in their eyes, to call back and tell Ryan's Prices and then they will sell at the same prices.

10 Pieces Black Camel's Hair Cloth, a beautiful texture, ordered by John Ryan from Lyons, in France, by Cable dispatch, just received, 75c, $1 00 and $1 25. This article is sold in New York, owing to its scarcity, at $1 50 to $2 00.

145 june2—d2w

Special Notice.

We control the sale of the "Proceedings of the Constitutional Convention" held in this state in 1877, compiled and published by the Atlanta Constitution publishing company. It contains the debates stenographically reported in full on all the important questions before said convention, and the votes on all questions determined by the convention. It is indispensable to all lawyers and business men. The book is over 500 pages octavo size, and will be mailed postpaid to any address on receipt of one dollar. Only a limited number of copies now for sale of this valuable book, and those who want it will have but a short time to supply themselves.

PHILLIPS & CREW,
Booksellers and Stationers.

191 jun9-d1m.

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros. "Seal of North Carolina," at the same price?"

19 feb2..deodlyr sat tues thur.

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers.

Don't fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for all diseases of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and, by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother.

466 feb26..d&w1yr

Special Notices.

THE FAMOUS

MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER

Which for nearly half a century has wrought such WONDEROUS CURES of KIDNEY DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA and CANCER may be had of all druggists. Its curative properties are almost miraculous. For Pamphlets containing remarkable cures address MISSISQUOI SPRINGS, FRANKLIN COUNTY, VERMONT.

97 jan6...d3m feb17 apr2 to june19

ATLANTA, GA., MAY 1st, 1878.

Extract from Minutes Atlanta Cotton Exchange.

RESOLVED, In view of the great loss and inconvenience arising in handling Cotton baled in light flimsy Gunny Bagging, such as has been sold in this market for two years past, the Cotton Trade of Atlanta earnestly request all planters to stop the use of said Bagging, and bale their Cotton with heavy substantial stuff; we especially urge this, knowing that to bale cotton in heavy Bagging, works no loss or hardships on the Planter, but on the contrary is profitable to him.

We hereby pledge ourselves, that, if we find at the opening of another season, parties continuing to bale their Cotton in this flimsy worthless stuff, to demand an allowance of one dollar on every bale so covered, reserving to ourselves, however, the right to totally reject.

We also earnestly request Planters to avoid the use of what is known as Straw Bagging, as such Bagging stains and discolors Cotton when the bales become wet. Exporters and Spinners, in all directions, are complaining bitterly of this Bagging, and threaten next year to reject entirely Cotton covered with this material.

We, therefore, resolve to reserve the right to reject Cotton packed in this Bagging.

A. T. CUNNINGHAM,
Secretary Atlanta Cotton Exchange.

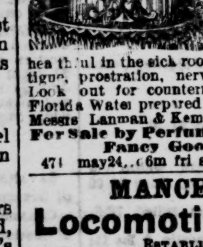
28...d1m

Imperishable Fragrance.

Murray & Lanman's

CELEBRATED

FLORIDA WATER.



The richest and most lasting, yet most delicate of all perfumes for use on the Handkerchief, at the Toilet and in the Bath, delightful and healthful in the sick room, relieves weakness, fatigue, prostration, nervousness and headache. Look out for counterfeits; always ask for the Florida Water prepared by the sole proprietors, Messrs Lanman & Kemp, New York.

For Sale by Perfumers, Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

471 may24...6m fri sun wed 3d pg n r m

MANCHESTER

Locomotive Works,

ESTABLISHED IN

Manufacture all kinds of Locomotives, and have recently purchased of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company all the patterns, patents, and the good will for the manufacture of their celebrated Steam Fire Engines and Fire Apparatus, and are now prepared to receive and execute orders promptly. Send for descriptive circular.

RETAS BLOOD, Agent,
Manchester, N. H.

nov21,187

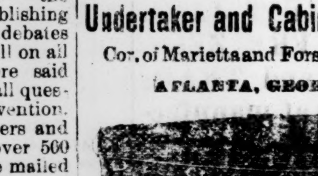
Undertakers.

C. BOHNEFELD, Agent,

Undertaker and Cabinet Maker

Cor. of Marietta and Forsyth Streets,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.



HAS now and will keep constantly on hand the best assortment of Coffins, Burial Cases, and Caskets, with the latest improvements on the "OLD FLK" patterns, and decidedly "Superior" in style, workmanship, finish, and the most elegant production of the art, with greatly reduced prices.

Hearses and Carriages furnished in any style and quantity, at the lowest rates.

All orders from abroad will have prompt attention.

Furniture made and repaired to order.

308 oct10...d1yr

GENUINE

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

Reduced $30 in Price.

Lookout for cheap and inferior Counterfeits made after an old abandoned model of our Machines. To get a genuine SINGER SEWING MACHINE buy only of our authorized Agents. and see that each Machine has our TRADE MARK stamped on the Arm. Send for Illustrated Circular and Price List.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,

42 MARIETTA STREET,

ATLANTA..........................GEORGIA

Branch Offices!

Augusta, Ga.,	Gainesville, Ga.
Savannah, Ga.,	Rome, Ga.,
Macon, Ga.,	Charleston, S. C.,
Columbus, Ga.,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Thomasville, Ga.,	574 may29 d1m

GLAZED SASH,

DOORS, BLINDS,

Builders' Hardware, &c.

PRICES:

GLAZED SASH PER PAIR,
$0 70, $1 15, $1 35, $1 65, $1 85,

OUTSIDE BLINDS PER PAIR,
$0 95, $1 15, $1 30, $1 40, $1 60.

FOUR PANEL DOORS—INCH.
$1 00, $1 05, $1 10, $1 25

FOUR PANEL DOORS—1 3-16,
$1 25, $1 40, $1 55, $1 70, $1 85

FOUR PANEL DOORS—1⅜.
$1 45, $1 60, $1 75, $1 95

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

Remember the place,

30 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

F. W. HART.

511 mar31...dtf may19...

FOUNDED ON A ROCK

WITH BRICK ON TOP.

300,000 BRICK FOR SALE.

I RESPECTFULLY inform my friends and patrons for the last twelve years, that I am fully prepared to do Rock Masonry and Brick work of all descriptions that is used in our city. I also make the best of

ARTIFICIAL STONE

for Paving Hearths, of the finest quality, Cemetery Work, Coping and Walls, and Basement Floors that will keep rats, mice, and all kinds of insects out. Will guarantee all my work to stand, if it does not no pay.

90 apr5...d3m W. W. McAFEE.

NOTICE

BY virtue of my appointment, under the Trustees of the Georgia State Lottery, as Manager, THE ORPHANS' FREE SCHOOL will be opened in the Masonic Home Building, on the FIRST OF JUNE NEXT, with Mrs. G. M. BACON as principal, and Mrs. H. M. COLQUITT and Mrs JULIA BUTLER, as Assistant Teachers. May 14, 1878.

Z. E. SIMMONS,
Manager.

000 may15...d1m

Business Directory.

PROF. E. H. KRUGER,

Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice.

DIRECTOR of Rossini Musical Club and Organist at the First Methodist Church and Jewish Synagogue. Lessons given at pupil's homes if desired. Address at Phillip's & Crew's, or residence 67 West Harris street.

212 june11...d6mo

Lawyers.

GEO S. THOMAS,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in all the Courts—State and Federal. 77 june4...d3m

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

Offices (5 and 6 Centennial Building) No. 1 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in the Supreme Court, the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, and in the Superior and City Courts of Atlanta.

6 my2 d&w1y

W. L. CALHOUN,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GA.,

HAS removed from his old office to rooms 1 and 2 Railroad block, up-stairs, corner Wall and Peachtree streets, opposite National Hotel. Prompt attention to all professional business.

may26...d1m

JAMES B. PARK,

Attorney at Law,

GREENESBORO, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in Greene, Morgan, Baldwin, Hancock, Taliaferro, Oglethorpe, Clarke, Richmond, Warren and McDuffie counties. Refers to Hon A H Colquitt, Governor of Georgia; Hon A H Stephens, Member of Congress.

296 feb19...feb17,1878...d6m

J. B. REDWINE,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

OFFICE, No. 14½ Whitehall Street, James Bank Block, room 6. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Special references: Hon, John H. James, Atlanta; General Alfred Austell. 389 june26...dtf

S. G. McLENDON,

Attorney at Law,

THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.

COLLECTIONS promptly attended to. Office corner Broad and Jackson streets, opposite Mitchell House. 92 feb5.1878. d6m

ALBERT L. MITCHELL,

Attorney at Law,

ATHENS, GA.

AS Solicitor General of the Western Circuit, will attend regularly the Superior Courts in the counties of Banks, Clarke, Franklin, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Oconee, Rabun, Walton and White, and will represent parties litigant in any cause in which the State of Georgia is not an interested party.

277 mar17 d1y

LAW CARD.

CAREY W STYLES. JAMES U. VINCENT

STYLES & VINCENT,

Attorneys & Counselors at Law,

CANTON, Cherokee County, GEORGIA,

WILL practice in the Superior Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit, and of Bartow, Gordon and Hall; in all the Courts of Cherokee county; in the United States District and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia. Land cases and criminal law made specialties, and all business by mail or at office, will be promptly attended to.

342 apr16 d3m

Royal Havana Lottery.

$810,000 Drawn Every 17 Days.

1 Prize of	$200 000
1 Prize of	50,000
1 Prize of	25 000
2 Prizes of $10,000	20,000
10 Prizes of $5,000 each	30,000
124 Prizes of $1,000 each	124,000
682 Prizes of $ 00 each	341,000

831 Prizes, amounting to (Spanish) $810,000

Whole Tickets, $25; Half, $13; Quarters, $7; Tenths, $5; Twentieth, $2.

Orders filled, Prizes Cashed at actual rate of exchange by F. MASICH,

42 Decatur Street, New Orleans, La.

83 feb27...d th sep30 1878 wed sun

To Printers and Publishers

WE HAVE NEWS INK in 25 pound Kegs, which we will sell at five dollars per keg. Send in your orders.

CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

may29...dtf

Buffalo Lithia Springs Water.

THE BUFFALO LITHIA WATER FOR

STONE IN THE BLADDER

Mr. C. Wolff, of Point Coupu Parish, La., has recently been relieved by the Buffalo Lithia Waters of Stone in the Bladder after his condition had been pronounced hopeless by his medical advisers. A stone placed in a glass of the water Dissolved to a Fine Powder in Three Hours. This case fully reported and well attested, will be sent to any address on application.

These Waters as a Medical Agent in Various forms of Chronic Disease.

Many of the most eminent medical men of the country, both North and South, testify, in unqualified terms, to the remarkable virtue of these Waters in ALL AFFECTIONS of the KIDNEYS and BLADDER, in DYSPEPSIA, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATIC GOUT, RHEUMATISM, PARALYSIS, DROPSICAL EFFUSION, CHRONIC INTERMITTENT and REMITTENT FEVERS and all diseases of MALARIAL ORIGIN, CHRONIC CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, and in the PECULIAR AFFECTIONS of WOMEN, in which they are pronounced, by high medical authority, 'WELL-NIGH SPECIFIC."

These Springs open the first day of June. Springs Pamphlet sent to any address on application. The Waters in cases of one dozen half gallon bottles at the Springs $5 per case. Dan'l L. Marsh an, J. A. Hutchison & Bro., Agents, No 14 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

THOS. F. GOODE,
Proprietor Buffalo Lithia Springs, Virginia.

472 may24 d1m fri sun wed

Summer Resorts &c.

New Holland Springs.

Next Station (Two Miles East) Above Gainesville on Atlanta and Charlotte Railroad.

IS NOW OPEN.

TRAMMELL & SMITH.........PROPRIETORS.

THIS famous watering place is a delightful retreat for the summer, being surrounded with a beautiful grove of forest trees. A large spring within thirty steps of the hotel flowing fifteen thousand gallons of water per hour, its mineral properties being Magnesia, Iron, Lime and free carbonic acid gas. There are also the very best Chalybeate and Sulphur springs on the hotel grounds. Table supplied with the best this and Atlanta markets afford. Amusements for all: Billiards, Ten-pins, Croquet, Dancing, etc. Those wishing to hunt or fish will find plenty of game, Band always in attendance. Bathing accommodations a specialty, and free to guests. Rates $2 per day; $10 per week; $30 per month. Special rates made to families. 142 june8...d2w

Catoosa Springs, Georgia.

THIS delightful Summer Resort will be opened for the reception of guests on the 1st of June, with an entire change of management. Its fine location, in the healthy and picturesque region of North Georgia, the great variety and medical values of the waters, fine commodious building and easy access combine to render it one of the most desirable watering places in the South. Four trains daily on the Western and Atlantic railroad between Atlanta and Chattanooga pass the depot, two and a half miles distant from the Springs, where comfortable conveyances are always in waiting. The proprietor will endeavor to make it acceptable in every respect to even the most fastidious. Terms. $10, $8 50 $7 00 per week, according to length of stay.

W. A. SPENCE, M. D., Proprietor.

495 my25...d1m

Porter Springs

—AND—

PIEDMONT HOTEL.

WE have leased and consolidated the Piedmont Hotel, at Gainesville, Georgia, on the Air Line Railway, and the celebrated Porter Springs, 28 miles distant in the mountains, 3,000 feet above sea level. They will be as one house and guests can alternate at pleasure, stage fare only $2 00. Board $30 per month; children half price. Brass Band and Orchestra during the season. Billiard Tables, Ten Pin Alley, Bath Rooms, &c, &c., free. Greatly improved since last season. For Pamphlets call at Phillips & Crew's Bookstore, or address the Proprietors at Gainesville, Georgia.

JOHN G. TRAMMELL & SON,
Proprietors Piedmont Hotel and Porter Springs

600 may24 d1m

THE

Tate Epsom Spring,

BY THOMAS TOMLINSON.

THIS watering place, well known as furnishing the best medicinal water in the United States, is now ready for the reception of visitors, and will be kept in the best style during the entire season. The curative and restorative results from even a short and limited use of this water have been so signally illustrated in the past, and experienced by such large numbers of persons residing in every section of the country, that it is deemed unnecessary to present any elaborate exposition or commendation of its singular and wonderful qualities. Personal experience is a more reliable and satisfactory test than any chemical analysis, and thus tried, it has been found without an equal. A correct analysis, however, will be furnished to those who desire it. Thousands have come to this Spring for relief, and but few have gone away without finding it.

No effort to please will be omitted, and every diligence will be used to promote the health, the comfort and pleasure of visitors.

The terms of the house will be made satisfactory.

Morristown, on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad is the nearest railway station, and conveyances running to the Spring connect regularly with all trains.

For full and reliable information as to all matters of detail, address the proprietor, Tate Epsom Spring, East Tennessee, and prompt answers, accompanied by circular, will always be received.

THOS. TOMLINSON,
Proprietor.

236 may14 d2m

ROWLAND SPRINGS HYGIENIC INSTITUTE.

Open for Invalid and Hygienic Boarders.

The only Institute South superintended by a regularly qualified Hygienic Physician. It is not a summer resort for the gay and fashionable world—but a place where the sick may, at any and all times of the year, depend upon quiet, rest and home-like surroundings. Neither is it (as erroneously applied and often understood by Hygienic) a One Bath establishment proposing to cure all diseases by inducing excessive action of one organ—the Skin, but a place where all real remedial appliances are judiciously employed as aids in restoring all the vital organs to perform normal functions. All enervating and debilitating processes as well as medical drug poisons are positively excluded in the treatment of the sick.

Patients afflicted with Acute diseases or suffering from Old Standing Chronic Complaints, of every description, may rely upon SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT and SPEEDY RESTORATION. Hundreds of invalids, after being drugged and dosed almost to death—and given up as incurable by the drugopathic professions—have been speedily and completely restored to health.

Home Prescriptions. Many persons unable to leave family or business, can, by a little knowledge of treatment, be restored to health at home. Prescription and advice forwarded on reception of full description of symptoms and duration of disease. Prescription fee $5 00. For circulars and further information address

DR. U. O. ROBERTSON,
Cartersville, Ga.

5 731 nov28—d7m

Important to Parents and Guardians

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation

NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of the celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have been a subject of surprise to thy native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made the Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($200 per annum) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for a prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia. Refer to John H. Flynn, W. S. Thomson and General W. S. Walker.

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358 may19...d1m 3d page

$10 Reward.

WE will pay ten dollars reward for the arrest, with proof to convict of any person stealing THE DAILY CONSTITUTION delivered by our Carriers to subscribers in this city.

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Relief for the Afflicted

PRESCRIPTION FREE

FOR the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by Indiscretion or Excess. Any Druggist has the Ingredients. Address DR. JAQUES & CO., 130 W. Sixth Street, CINCINNATI, O.

86 feb5...d&w1y

Dr. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE

Restores manhood and the vigor of youth to the most shattered constitution in four weeks. FAILURE IMPOSSIBLE. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, or who have become weakened from excess or any other cause. Success in every case is as certain as that water quenches thirst. $3 per case. Sole Agent, Dr. JOS. JAQUES, 7 University Place, New York. Druggists Supplied.

61 aug5,1877 ...ly

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WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

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424 aug26...d&w1y

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Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

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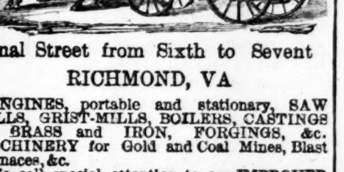

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The best Planters regard our GINNING ENGINES superior to any in use. Send for Illustrated Catalogue free. Other things being equal encourage Southern institutions.

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98 jan26...d&w1y

Lotteries.

4th

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$115,400

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$30,000 for Only $2!

By authority of the Commonwealth of Kentucky to take place in the City of Louisville, Ky,

On Wednesday, July 31, 1878.

NO SCALING! NO POSTPONEMENT!

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LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Prize			$ 30,000
1 Prize			10,000
1 Prize			5,000
5 Prizes	1 000 each		5,000
20 Prizes	500 each		10,000
100 Prizes	100 each		10,000
300 Prizes	50 each		15,000
500 Prizes	20 each		10,000
1000 Prizes	10 each		10,000
9 Prizes	$300 each, Approximation Prizes		$2,700
9 Prizes	200 each,	" "	1,800
9 Prizes	100 each,	" "	900

1,955 Prizes. $115,400

Whole Tickets $2. Half Tickets $1 00.

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85 june5...djune weds sats july tues thur sat weekly june 11 18 july 2 9 17 23

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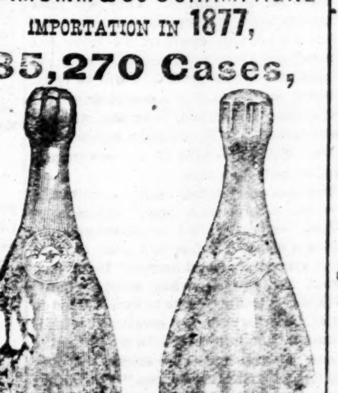

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AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

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and sell it at as low prices as it can be procured anywhere. See their samples at the State Fair and then visit the Mill AND SEE HOW IT IS DONE—then buy at home and stop sending money out of the State for an inferior iron. Orders solicited, and promptly filled.

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Slate and Iron Mantles, and Ranges

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

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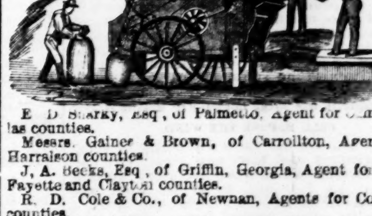

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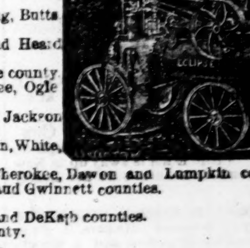

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C. H. Carter, Esq., of Social Circle, Agent for Walton and Gwinnett counties.

J. A. Broughton, Esq., Agent for Morgan county.

James H. Smith, of Conyers, Agent for Rockdale and DeKalb counties.

Robert Childs, Esq., of Monticello, Agent for Jasper county.

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THOMAS CAMP,

General Agent,

COVINGTON, GA.

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A SPECIALTY MADE of LIGHT CASTINGS on ORDERS

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ar16...dfri wed sun3m

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sail from New York for

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Passenger accommodations unsurpassed for elegance and comfort. All Staterooms on main deck, and Saloon amidships.

SALOON CABINS, $65 to $80, CURRENCY. SECOND CABIN, including all requisites, $40. Excursion Tickets for First-class Passage, New York to Paris and return, $135 to $195, according to stateroom and route chosen.

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For Lard oils, Paraffine oils, West Virginia Lubricating oil, Coach Candles, Tallow and Car Grease.
Get my prices before you buy anywhere else.
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The Constitution.

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THROUGH THE CITY.

NEWS GLIMPSES FROM OUR REPORTERS' NOTE BOOKS.

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—Mr R H Towers, Rome, Kimball.
—Mr J D Bowles, Macon, Kimball.
—Mr J A Bays, Monroe, Markham.
—Mr F L Fryer, Marietta, Markham.
—Mr Wm Greene, Chicago, Kimball.
—Capt T B Gowan, Rome, Markham.
—Miss Anna Towers, Rome, Kimball.
—Mr C H Pannaler, Albany, Kimball.
—Mr Robert Steele, Newnan, Kimball.
—Mr Robert Haley, Memphis, Kimball.
—Mr W D Barker, Rutledge, Markham.
—Mr Z T Dobbs, Jonesboro, Markham.
—Mr W R Johnson, Louisville, Kimball.
—Mr John T Watts, Baltimore, Kimball.
—Mr B T Delburg, Cincinnati, Kimball.
—Mr T J Harwell, LaGrange, Markham.
—Mr John Baldwin, Covington, Kimball.
—Mr W C Steward, Louisville, Kimball.
—Miss Laura Hinkle, Georgia, Markham.
—Mr James Greene, Jonesboro, Kimball.
—Mr E D Graham, Cartersville, Markham.
—Mr Herbert A Knight, Macon, Markham.
—Hon. John D Stewart, Griffin, Markham.
—Mr W R Hamrich, Jonesboro, Markham.
—Mr Phillip Ross, Henry county, Kimball.
—Mr D A Thompson, Covington, Markham.
—Mr W H Dyer, Washington, D C, Kimball.
—Dr and Mrs Belton, New Orleans, Kimball.
—Mr Henry L White, Raleigh, N C, Kimball.
—Judge Geo N Lester, Cobb county, Kimball.
—Mr J E Bislock and wife, Jonesboro, Markham.
—Mr Benj Chandless, Pensacola, Fla Markham.

—The Griffin News says: Doc Smith, of Atlanta, has been down for several days in charge of John Hightower. This is a guarantee that he is well cared for.

—The Rev Dr Teasdale, a notice of whose successful labors in a recent revival meeting in Macon, will be seen elsewhere in our columns, will begin a series of meetings at the Second Baptist church this Wednesday night. The public generally will hail with gladness the coming of this eminently useful man into our midst.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—The hail cooled things wonderfully.

—Moonlight parties are strictly in order.

—The colored military are priming up

—Fulton county jail is comfortably full.

—Commencements are as thick as hops.

—The croquet clubs are abroad in force.

—Educated dogs dodge the cart of death.

—Chicken fighting is a rare occasion in Atlanta.

—The storm did very little damage in Atlanta.

—The firemen are fixing for fun on the Fourth.

—Remember the races next week. They will be really good.

—Atlanta will be somewhat of a summer resort herself this year.

—The blackberry vendors are more numerous this year than ever.

—The race course will bear a lively appearance for the next two weeks.

—A fine hotel put up at Ponce de Leon would receive a good support.

—The superior and city courts furnish a feast for the lawyers at present.

—Travel over the various railroads connected with our city is quite brisk.

—The Comedy club will regale our citizens with something fine next week.

—Blackberries are ripening. Six thousand little negroes will soon be happy.

—The revival meetings at the Second Baptist church are continued with great interest.

—It is said that Atlanta is abandoning whisky for the more harmless beverage of beer.

—It is rumored that an enterprising merchant will try to control the pea-nut crop this season.

—What has become of our English sparrows that last year found homes in the city hall park.

—The Macon Amateur minstrels played to a splendid house at Columbus Monday night last.

—A colored minstrel troupe, of this city gave a performance on Broad street Monday night last.

—A good crowd will leave for La-Grange on the excursion to-day. Fare for the round trip is only $1 50.

—Remember the excursion to LaGrange to-day. Fare for the round trip only $1 50, and a delightful trip.

—A number of our citizens contemplate spending several weeks at Tybee Island. The Ocean house is now full of visitors.

—A street fight occurred on Decatur street near the corner of Loyd yesterday afternoon to the amusement of a large crowd.

—Mr. N. P. T. Finch, of THE CONSTITUTION, is now the happy father of a daughter, his second child. Little Ethel is away up in New York, but her friends in Atlanta send her hearty greetings.

—A gentleman in Atlanta argues for the intellectuality of ten pins. He says it gives to the mind a wondrous precision and a directness of thought. An elaborate essay will soon be given on the subject.

—The Gainesville Southron says: We visited police headquarters while in Atlanta the other day, and do not hesitate to say that Chief Col. Thomas and our old friend Cook keep up one of the cleanest, best regulated and most thorough police establishments to be found in any city in America. For gentility, attention to duty, and sobriety, the Atlanta police force has no superiors, and Atlanta ought to be proud of them.

The Barbers' Embarrassment.

The first case of the number of suits to be brought against the barbers of the city for keeping open doors and conducting their regular business on Sundays came up yesterday in the recorder's court room before Justice Henry Tanner. The case was that of the State vs. John Hoffman, charged with carrying on and

CONDUCTING HIS REGULAR BUSINESS,

that of keeping a barber shop, on Sunday last and other Sabbaths. One or two witnesses were introduced to sustain the charge, after which arguments were heard. The prosecution was represented by Col. Samuel B Spencer, who conducted the case. Styles Hutchins was present but took no part in the case, with the exception that he sat by the side of Col. Spencer and looked on with much interest. The defense was represented by Judge W. F. Wright. After the arguments were heard Justice Tanner delivered his decision and required the defendant to give the nominal bond of $50 for his appearance in the higher courts. This trial was only

MADE AS A TEST CASE

to see what would be the decision of a justice of the peace in the matter.

The other cases will not be tried in a justice court, but will be settled in the city court, where they will be brought up for trial.

There are various opinions in the matter, and some of our leading lawyers will be employed when the great struggle comes.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the matter, and it is hard to tell how the question will be settled.

The Blue Belts and the Alerts tackled each other again at Ormond's grove last Tuesday. The score stood 27 to 29 in favor of the Blue Belts. Captain Jack and Carl Mitchell of the Blue Belts hat the score on their side, and Messrs. Martin and Allen taking the lead on their side.

SUNDAY'S STORM.

THE TERRORS OF THE LATEST CYCLONE.

The Great Injury to Crops—Injuries to Houses—Persons—Fences—Orchards, etc.

We gather additional particulars of the storm of Sunday from our Augusta, Columbus and Newnan exchanges.

IN ALABAMA

the storm had the same general direction of nearly all our violent hurricanes, viz: from southwest to northwest.

In Russell county fences and trees were blown down and the crops damaged by hail, the pellets being very large.

AT SEALE,

the window panes suffered, some fencing and trees blown down. The rain fall there was not very great. The hail stones were the largest ever seen by any who saw them.

In Seale, fences and pailings were prostrated; trees uprooted or broken off; window glasses broken; fowls killed; vegetables in some places beaten to pieces; young mellons were perforated and smashed by the falling stones, and stalks of corn cut in two as effectually as if done by grape shot. A large, thick stone jar standing in the porch of Mr. Hirsch's residence was broken to pieces, and four of the large panes of glass in the down train which arrived at that time were broken.

THE INJURY.

So far as heard from the damage to crops is great, and it is feared will be still more serious when other localities are reported from. The crops of cotton and corn of Mr. Hill Tucker, two and a-half miles north of Seale, are reported very badly injured by wind and hail. Mr. Jerre Perry's promising crop is reported as literally ruined, the cotton being beaten all to pieces, and scarcely a stock of corn left standing, the gullies and other places being filled with myriads of the huge hail stones.

The gin-house of W. T. Anderson was blown down and his crop badly damaged. Mr. Perry commenced to plant over yesterday.

A LITTLE CHILD

of Mr. W. A. B. Falkner's was knocked down and hurt very badly.

FURTHER DAMAGE.

Some of the hail stones were as large as hen eggs.

Mr. Tucker says his corn was completely ruined. Numbers of window glasses were broken here and considerable damage done to garden and field crops.

CROSSES INTO GEORGIA.

This same storm cloud came on towards Columbus, moving in an east-northeast direction. It crossed the river at Woolfolk's. There was a heavy fall of hail at Abercrombie's, on the Alabama side, and on the Kyle, Bass and Woolfolk plantations, on the Georgia side.

Major Moses says that the hail fell in great quantities at his place, five miles from town. We have not learned of any material damage on the Georgia side.

There was no damage done in Columbus. In the neighborhood of L. F. Jones, in

COWETA COUNTY,

great damage was done by the hail to all the growing crops of corn, cotton, fruits and oats. Mr. Jones thinks at least two-thirds of his crop of cotton is destroyed, and his corn is literally cut to pieces.

TWO PERSONS KILLED.

At Brown's station, near Dawson, the storm did considerable damage to crops and fences. The residence of Mrs L A R Adams was struck by lightning, and Miss Adeline Moon and Mrs P T Smith were instantly killed.

BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

In Columbia county, considerable damage was done, the storm traveling from the southwest in a northeasterly course. A large number of buildings were destroyed and trees uprooted in the Reeves settlement.

The following we take from the Augusta Chronicle: On the place of Mr Adams was a small building used for a Sunday school, under the superintendence of Mr Robert Mercer. The scholars and teachers had just assembled, when the storm in all its destructive fury burst upon them, and in an instant the house was a complete wreck.

BURYING ALL ITS INMATES

in the ruins. Two boys, aged respectively seven and ten years, sons of Mrs Allen a widow lady of the neighborhood, were taken out dead, having been instantly killed. Mr Joseph Walker, a young man in the employ of Messrs Neal & Faucett, was, it is feared, fatally injured. A little daughter of John Adams had her hand badly crushed. Miss Celia Adams was struck down by the falling timbers and received several very severe bruises. Most of the injuries received by others were of a trifling nature, and some, incredible as it may seem, escaped entirely unhurt. It is reported that a Mrs Newman was killed near Harlem. These are all the casualities to life and limb that we have been able to ascertain. Mr Wm Smith's plantation was badly damaged, as also were the places of Thomas Connell, Lewis Connell, Martin Walker and some others, while Mr Whitaker lost every thing he possessed. The track of the tornado appeared to be about half a mile wide.

TRACK OF THE CYCLONE.

if such it proves, is plainly seen—trees are torn up by the roots or twisted off; corn and cotton blown out of the ground, and the debris of all scattered broadcast over the country. A most pitiable sight it is to see the industrious farmers looking over their stricken fields, which have cost so much care and labor, and a few days ago gave such bright promise of plentiful harvests.

At Berzelia, Mr. Henry Merry's crop was almost totally destroyed. At Mr. Wm. Reaney's place, near Harlem, the storm swept everything before it. Trees were uprooted and cotton and corn laid prostrate in the fields. At Mr. Oliver's place, near Berzelia, window glass was broken by the hail, trees cut to pieces and crops destroyed. The same thing occurred at Baston's, Kolbfleisch's and Brook's. Coming on down the road in a track about

THREE MILES WIDE

The storm swept everything before it. Trees were prostrated, corn and cotton cut to pieces and the ground strewn with boughs and leaves of trees, clipped off by the hail, which is said to have been enormous. Some parties say the stones were as large as a man's fist and crashed through the fields of corn like minnie balls, cutting large stalks, an inch in diameter, to the ground, and strewing the furrows with them until the field looked as if the reaper with his scythe had passed along. Trees were uprooted and hurled with violence against houses and fences. At the sixteen-mile post a freight car was

BLOWN FROM THE TRACK.

The hail stones, which came down as thick as rain drops, penetrated into the houses through panes of glass, and in one instance that we heard of, through the blinds. It is said that at one place a bushel of hail stones were gathered from the floor of the room. Coming on down the Georgia railroad the storm struck Mr Thomas Wynn's place, a half mile above Berzelia, and in a moment his large cotton gin manufactory

FELL BEFORE THE WIND.

Burying beneath the ruins a quantity of valuable machinery and forty new gins. One end of the building, which was a two story wooden structure, 100 feet long by 40 feet wide, was blown out and carried clear across the creek, a distance of about twenty yards. The gins, which had recently been completed, were valued at one hundred and fifty dollars each. Mr. Wynn says he may be able to construct one gin from the wreck of every three, but it is impossible as yet to say, as everything is buried beneath the *debris* of the building. Besides the destruction of the manufactory and contents, Mr. Wynn suffered considerably from the demolition of his crop and fencing. Cotton and corn were cut down even with the ground. Fencing was blown a distance of forty or fifty feet. Mr. Wynn and his wife had been out riding, and had just arrived at home when

THE STORM BURST UPON THEM.

Mr. Wynn was in the stable unharnessing his horse, and Mrs. Wynn was in the dwelling. In an instant the tornado raged around them in all its fury. Three huge trees were uprooted in the yard, between the stable and the house. Mr. and Mrs. Wynn, separated by these barriers, each thought the other had been killed until the storm subsided sufficiently for Mr. Wynn to get to the dwelling. A carriage, which was in the factory, was demolished. Mr. Wynn estimates his loss at from $8,000 to $9,000. He is left entirely without means in his old age, and will be unable to remove the debris of his factory and put up a temporary structure unless he receives assistance. He will be thankful for any aid either in provisions or labor.

After leaving Mr. Wynn's place the storm went in the direction of the Savannah river, which it crossed at the Locks. Near the latter it swept over Mr. W. H. Howard's plantation like a besom of destruction. Nearly all the cotton on two hundred acres was ruined. In some instances it was cut down level with the ground; in others the stalks were stripped of leaves and small boughs, and left standing bare and scarred. A pine thicket was cut to pieces as if it had been between two contending armies. many of the trees bearing large indentations where the huge hail stones had struck. Corn was struck down to the furrows. The hail stones were as large as goose eggs and fell with great force. Mr. Howard estimates his loss at not less than $2,000. Mr. Frank Beale's plantation, near Mr. Howard's, was also in the path of the storm and suffered fearfully. We understand that Mr. Beale expects to

PLOW HIS FIELDS

over again and plant peas, as he does not consider it worth while to leave the remnants of the corn and cotton.

Messrs. Geraty & Armstrong, who have a place near the Locks, lost considerably by the storm. The crops were badly cut up and several houses were blown down, including a barn.

Crossing the river the storm played havoc in the Currytown settlement. Several plantations were devastated. On Dr Shaw's place fences were blown down and cotton, corn and fruit destroyed. Rev J P Mealing, Dr Hudson, Mrs John Mealing and others were visited by the storm and their crops destroyed. The hail crashed through everything, even through shingles. The oldest inhabitants declare that such a storm was never before seen in this section. We are informed that a

WAGON LOAD OF ICE

could have been obtained from a single fence corner so great was the fall of hail. At Batesburg, South Carolina, two cars were blown over and trees and crops destroyed.

Major George W Crane's farm, about eight miles from Augusta, on the Georgia side of the river was in the track of the storm and evidences of its visit are plentiful. Crops were injured, trees and houses blown over and glass smashed.

KNIGHTS OF THE BATON.

The Commissioners and Their Work—Question of Mounted Police—Monthly Reports, &c.

At the regular meeting of the police commissioners, Monday night, a full board was present. Commissioner W G Gramling presided.

THE CHIEF'S REPORT

was read and approved.

There were during the month of May 72 state arrests; 233 city arrests. Total 305

Of the city cases 105 were fined and 128 dismissed. All the state cases were turned out on warrant or released when no prosecution was had.

The total amount of fines imposed by the Recorder during the month was $475; paid in cash $206 50; remitted $20 00; worked out on street $248 50.

The report spoke at length of the peace and good order of the city, and gave satisfactory accounts thereof. The recent arrest of a number of

SMALL BOYS

was treated. It seems that these young scamps were guilty of all sorts of theft and thoroughly needed the severe correction they received. The report also spoke of the frequent prosecutions for vagrancy and the determination of the authorities to prevent the prevalence of such evils.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH

was fully discussed, and the report shows the many precautions taken to prevent sickness by and nuisance by draining sewers, etc. There is no reason to blame the police in any manner for the sickness which is now prevalent. The chief is determined that the force shall do its full duty in this matter. This part of the report concludes thus:

"We go forward again fully determined to do all in our power to avert a calamity that I would dislike and deplore equally as much as members of this board."

The report suggests that the force shall have some further instruction as to the use of the water in cleansing the sewers, as the action of council last September on this subject merely made it the duty of the police to attend to the matter for six weeks.

DANGEROUS PLACES.

There is now kept at the station house a book in which are kept registered all the places in the city complained of as dangerous. Thus for, since February 85 such places have been presented. The chief always attended to these complaints, and urged the remedy at once.

MOUNTED POLICE.

This matter was referred to the board without any final recommendation from the chief, as his report on former occasions had gone before them. Capt. M. M. White and patrolman Chaffin had the petition presented for six men and the one officer to furnish their own horses, the city feeding them. They were both present and presented the matter in the strongest light possible. The matter was fully discussed by the council board, and they then went into secret session on the matter. It is supposed, however, that they are fully satisfied with the efficiency of the department as they failed to recommend the change which might not have harmonized with other workings of the department.

The following petition will show just what the men ask:

ATLANTA, GA., June 6, 1878.

To the Honorable Board of Police Commissioners—Sirs: We, the undersigned members of the police force, feeling that we can greatly advance the interest of the city in bringing violators of both state and city laws to justice by being mounted, make the following suggestions and propositions, viz: That we mount and equip ourselves in good style at our own expense; that the city appropriate the sum of $60 per month for feeding our horses, and that you allow us only our regular salary; that we keep our horses at police headquarters, where we will have bunks arranged for our own convenience, when not on active duty; that two of us remain on duty at all times, and two at the station house in readiness for any emergency when duty requires it, while the remaining two will be off duty, but subject to orders from our captain, and that all our duties to be in accordance with the police regulations.

These being our points, to be more definitely explained at your regular meeting, we most respectfully submit them to your honorable body, trusting that they will meet with your hearty approval and co-operation, we remain, gentlemen, your obedient servants,

M M White, J L Chaffin,
W A Starnes, W A Jarrell,
R H Goodson, Willis King,
Nat West.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Yesterday Chief Thomas read to the force the following general orders, which will be approved by citizens of all classes:

ATLANTA, GA., June 12, 1878.

To the Police Force, city of Atlanta:

The energy displayed recently by all members of the police force, in carrying out the sanitary measures of the city, in obedience to orders from the honorable board of police commissioners, was at their last meeting highly commended, and you are instructed to go forward with renewed energy and determination to have the city thoroughly cleaned up. It is not commendable in policemen to complain that this is not police duty. Anything that will benefit the entire community, so important as this, must be thoroughly and cheerfully done.

And hereafter any complaints, applications, recommendations or suggestions, or police matters, must go forward in the regular way from the police head-quarters, either approved or disapproved. While members of the honorable board of police commissioners have heretofore given all a patient and respectful hearing on all matters, they do not approve nor can I approve this style of procedure.

L. P. THOMAS, JR.,
Chief Police.

POLICE POINTS.

—Police commissioners don't think cavalry and infantry will work well on police business together.

—If the city is not in a healthy condition after the police got through with their work, it never will be.

—It is said that Speer, Jarrell and Owens can look closer after cellars and some other things, than most men.

—J. W. Butler, special policeman at Ponce de Leon springs, is keeping splendid order. He is under the chief of police, and he had two cases before the recorder yesterday. Both were fined. He sent two cases to the county chain gang for three months last week.

—The recorder's court summed up handsomely yesterday.

—The members of the police force think of organizing a benevolent society for the purpose of encouraging each other in business and taking care of those of its members that are sick. We think this is a good move.

—Captain M. M. White and Patrolman Chaffin made some strong points in urging the importance of mounted police.

—The locking up of vagrants will commence again as soon as all the nuisance matters are attended to. This has interfered muchly with the boys.

Why Sewers are Small.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Being frequently questioned about the small size of sewers laid by the city, I have concluded to make a general statement through your valuable paper. There are very few "pseudo" engineers, much less street-corner critics, who have any mathematical idea on the subject. They will refer you to some seaboard city which has a grade of 5 or 6 feet in a mile, and sewers from 6 to 10 feet in diameter; not knowing the capacity of pipes on different and steeper grades. I will be brief. I have before me the map of a complete system of the sewerage of Dantzic, Germany, which is considered a model for its sanitary success and cheapness. Fully one-third of the sewerage is composed of nine-inch pipe,

"In Tottenham, London, says an author, a main sewer of nine-inch pipe, widening to twelve-inch, and afterward to eighteen-inch, and having a fall of five feet in a mile drained an area of sixteen hundred houses. Its ordinary current was two and a half miles an hour, and brickbats introduced into it were carried to the outlet. During ordinary continued rains it was not more than half full half a mile from the outlet, and at the outlet the stream was only two and three fourths inches deep." The author again says at Saratoga: "I examined the outlet of the Grand Union hotel, which had then about 850 guests and 450 servants, or about 1,300 in all. There can hardly be fewer than one hundred water closets in the house, and the use of water in this hotel seems to be in every way as copious as possible.

"The hour of examination was ten in the morning, at which time the largest flow is running. By the most careful measurement and estimate that I could make, the amount of sewerage then flowing from that hotel measured four and a half inches in sectional area, and might have all been discharged by a two and a half inch pipe." I can convince any reasonable man in ten minutes. I have been three years working up a system of sewers for Atlanta which is positively the cheapest and best.

H. T. MCDANIEL, City Engineer.

The Promenade Concert

At Mrs. Dr. H. L. Wilson's on Thursday night, promises to be one of the most enjoyable entertainments of the season. The variety of attractions is quite unusual—moonlight walks, music, recitations, readings, Italian minstrels, Ice cream, Chinese lanters, and other interesting features. Everybody is invited to come. Look for the programme in THE CONSTITUTION on Thursday morning.

A TOURIST'S THOUGHTS

AN ATLANTA MERCHANT'S IMPRESSIONS OF FOREIGN LANDS.

Doing London—Hyde Park—Evan Howell's Prototype—Direct Trade With England and France—A Venture that Promises to Make Atlanta Independent of New York—Money Saved by Avoiding the Middlemen—On to Paris—A New Traveling Companion.

We have been permitted to publish the following highly interesting letter, written by Mr. J. F. Kiser, of the wholesale dry goods firm of M. C. & J. F. Kiser. It will be seen that Mr. Kiser has combined business with pleasure, and inaugurated direct trade with Europe. In this praiseworthy undertaking he has the good wishes of every lover of his country and this sterling firm deserves the patronage it will receive. A true merchant is ever alive to projects by which his customers can get the best goods for the least money. We must congratulate the Messrs. Kiser on this masterly enterprise, and wish them the fullest success:

LANGHAM HOTEL, PORTLAND PLACE,
LONDON, W., May 28 1878.

My Dear Brother—Since coming up to my room I have just thought that as the steamer sails day after to-morrow from Liverpool. and as I had purposed writing you by it, I must do so to-night, if I would get it off in time.

A TREAT MISSED.

I arrived in London on Saturday at 10 p m. I had intended to go and hear Dr Spurgeon preach on Sunday, but, having lost so much sleep the preceding week, I did not get out of my room until noon. Thus, you see, I lost the greatest treat that the London pulpit affords.

A CALL FOR CASH.

On Monday morning my first visit was to call on Messrs Seligman Brothers, as I was running short of sovereigns. Messrs S & Bro's very readily cashed my draft, and were very kind in every way to me.

LIKE EVAN HOWELL.

My traveling companion now is a Mr Griswold, of Montreal, Canada, a good match for Evan Howell.

RAMBLING AROUND.

We left Seligman Bro's, and very near their office we found the Bank of England. We stepped in and were shown through the Bank. It was quite a show to see them shoveling gold and silver coin as we do coal in Georgia.

We then drove to many other places of note, among them the London tower, Charing cross bridge, Prince Albert hall, Hyde park, and last, but not least, I spent all the forenoon in the latter place to-day, and I feel that it alone has justly repaid me for my trip to this country. I saw at least one thousand ladies riding horseback. It is the most elegantly arranged park I ever visited. The track for horseback riding is in the center; next is the promenade and then the seats; outside of this comes a most beautiful drive where you can see all the nobility either driving or on horseback. I saw the Prince of Wales driving four beautiful greys, followed by he German embassador, driving his four-in-hand.

LINGERING ON THE SCENE.

I shall go to Alexandria park to-morrow it being the last day of the tournament of the blooded young ladies, where prizes are to be awarded for the best rider and leaper.

I start for Paris to-morrow evening,

I received a telegram to-day from Mr. Barnes of Glasgow, stating that he would be here at 8:30 a. m., to-morrow, so we will visit Paris together. I have been received with a hearty welcome at every place

AN IMPORTANT MOVE.

I wrote you by the last steamer that I had bought quite a lot of goods at Bradford and Manchester, such as alpacas, pure mohairs, Italian cloths, black velvets, corduroy, and white goods; as well as a lot of lace window curtains and other laces, at Nottingham. I will buy a stock of dress goods in Paris. I ordered what I bought to be shipped on the 1st of July, as that will be early enough for our trade. They will get to you by the first of August.

I could not help but think, when making these purchases, of the wonderful strides Atlanta is making in the business world. It seems but a few days since we were content to exhibit a few hundred dollars' worth of ordinary wares from neighboring points. Then we spread out, and searched the metropolis of the continent (New York) for first-class goods; and now, as we once bursted the provincial style of business, so we have outgrown the fetters of the two oceans, and organized direct trade with the manufacturers, regardless of the space that intervenes. It augurs not only the increasing importance of Atlanta, but shows the increasing wealth of the south, when her merchants, avoiding the imposition of New York merchants, become themselves importers, and thus give their patrons every advantage of purchasing from first hands. Aside from the duty we owe our country to become independent of intermediaries, I find from the purchases I have already made, adding the freight, that we can sell goods profitably at prices that never have been approached in Atlanta.

Returning home, I shall go aboard at Queens town, after spending a few days at Belfast.

NO LAND LIKE OUR OWN.

I can see the cable dispatches every morning from New York in the London Times, and you may depend I am sure to read everything that relates to the United States. I feel a little more inclined to take up for the United States now, as those Englishmen often call us yankees, but after all the Americans are a sharper people than the English.

I will write you again soon. I am, as ever, your brother, J. F. KISER.
MR M. C. KISER, Atlanta, Ga.

Shooting at Ponce de Leon.

There is too much bad marksmanship around Ponce de Leon. The matter should be attended to at once, for nothing which mars the pleasure of this popular resort should be allowed to exist. Monday afternoon several gentlemen were walking on the Air-Line road just above the spring when they heard a bullet whistle a few feet overhead. This was soon followed by another somewhat lower. They did not wait to hear any more, but speedily left the dangerous ground. Two other gentlemen were walking in a different part of the grounds on the same afternoon when they heard a bullet distinctly whistle through the trees over their heads.

These occurrences should not be repeated. Ponce de Leon and the surroundings attract ladies, gentlemen and children in crowds every afternoon. Surely it is no place for amateur riflemen to send their wild balls flying around to the four corners of the compass. There has been danger, and we hope it will not occur again. We are sure that Mr. John Butler, the courteous and efficient special policeman who has charge of the grounds will do all in his power to prevent any further disturbance in this direction.

Early Cotton Blooms.

We acknowledge the reception, on yesterday, of a cotton bloom from Mr Thomas J Lyon, of Cartersville. He tells that it was taken from his patch on the 8th.

We acknowledge another, on yesterday, from the plantation of Mr James A Ray, sen, at Cowpens, Walton county.

Attention is called to the advertisement in another column of Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, the extensive dealers in drugs, medicines, paints, oils, etc. This firm is one of the oldest in the state in their branch of business, and doubtless have more invested in the trade than any other four houses in Georgia. Their retail departments is excelled by none in the south. Call to see them on corner of Decatur and North Pryor streets. 228 jel2 dlt

KIMBALL HOUSE.—William Green, Chicago; Jas Grine, Jonesboro; W L Moore, Mobile; C H Marquall, New York; B T Delbing Cincinnati; D C Bartow, Mississippi; W C Stewart, Louisville; W R Johnston, Louisville; B L Butler, Philadelphia; Fred D Bush city; C O Little, Charlotte; Ed D Baker, South Carolina; Jno Lane, Houston, Texas; Henry L White, Raleigh; C R Parmelee, Albany, Georgia; Jno G Kelly, Philadelphia; H P Long, Philadelphia; E H Lewis, New York; B W Alexander, New York; R H Fowers, Rome; Miss Anna Fowers, Rome; L Lemberger, New York; Phillip Ross, Henry county; G L Marchand, city; H E Clark, Tennessee; Miss Jennings, Georgia; W H Lyon, Washington; Robert Haley, Memphis; Mrs Jane Wilson, Alabama; Ed T Witherly, Alabama; Dr and Mrs Belton, New Orleans; Jno T Watts, Baltimore; Judge George N Lester, Ga; Miss Bettie Stone, Cincinnati; Jno Baldwin, Covington; Robert Steel, Newnan; Jas W Hawley, Boston; W S Thompson, city; B H Hill, Jr, city; George Hillyer, city; H W Holman, Cleveland; Hugh Porter, New York; Mrs Holmes, child and nurse, New Orleans; W F Patillo, city; W H Rowland, city; Wm Bell, city; Dr Cowart, Baltimore; Mrs W H Pitt, Georgia; Jno Logan, Alabama; J D Bowles, Macon.

SOCIAL FESTIVITY.

Hop at the Kimball House Last Night.

The summer festivities were begun last evening by a very stylish and elegant hop at the Kimball house, which was attended by about fifty ladies and gentlemen from the elite of Atlanta.

The elegant ball room was brilliantly lighted and presented unusual attractions. A fine band of music furnished inspiration for the many pleasures of the various dances. We noticed the style and taste of the ladies' toilettes, though street dresses were mostly worn. The hop was chaperoned by several accomplished matrons.

Mr R. J. Campbell, the courteous and popular proprietor of the Kimball house, did all in his power for the pleasure of those present. His many kindnesses were highly appreciated. The Kimball is a most elegant place for hops and social fetes of all kinds, and we hope to see a frequency of such occurrences there.

CITY TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., May 25, 1878.

To the City Tax Payers:

You will see by the following resolution, adopted by the mayor and general council, that they allow the tax payers the liberal discount of three per cent. to all who may pay their taxes during the month of June. The city needs the money, and the discount is liberal, and it is more than you can make on your money in any safe investment. So come up promptly and pay, and save officer's cost.

Very Respectfully,
J. O. HARRIS,
City Tax Collector.

At a regular meeting of the mayor and council held in the council chamber, May 20, 1878, the following resolution was adopted, viz:

By Councilman English—

Resolved, That the city tax collector be and he is hereby directed to allow a discount of three per cent. to all who may pay their taxes during the month of June, 1878, and that he be directed to publish this resolution in the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. Adopted.
506..may26 dlm.

Still they pour in at Jack & Holland's for Ice Cream, Soda Water, Lager Beer, Mead, Ginger Ale, Root Beer, etc., etc.
171 june9 dlw

See advertisement of the celebrated Tate Epsom Spring, of Grainger, county, East Tennessee, the most reliable mineral water known. 307 may17 dtf sun wed sat

Lemon, Vanilla, Strawberry and Chocolate Ice Cream at
171 june9 dlw JACK & HOLLAND'S.

Catoosa lime—cheapest and best.
T. T. WILSON,
517 may26—sun&wed1m

Ladies out shopping can find a nice place to rest at Jack & Holland's Ice Cream Saloon, 30 Whitehall st. 171 june9 dlw

All plasterers use Catoosa lime for fine work. T. T. WILSON,
517 may 26 sun & wed 1m 54 Alabama st.

Ice Cream. Ice Cream.

Our saloon is open until 11½ p m. A nice, quiet place to spend a half hour or so.
171 june9 dlw

Rev. Dr. Joseph S. Key,

Pastor St. Paul's Church, Columbus, Ga., writes: "We gave DR. MOFFITT'S TEETHINA (*Teething Powders*) to our little grandchild with the happiest results. The effects were almost magical, and certainly more satisfactory than from anything we ever used." Hunt, Rankin & Lamar and all Druggists keep TEETHINA.

Linen Suits, Linen Suits, Linen Suits.

Over 300 ladies', misses' and children's linen. pique and Marseilles suits are offered at less than manufacturer's prices at
may12 dtf FURCHGOTT BENEDICT & Co's.

ATLANTA, GA., June 11th, 1878.

This is to certify that I have been deaf for seven years, during which time I found no relief. All physicians I have tried failed. Thank God, I can now once more hear the voices of my friends, through the treatment of Dr. Alonzo Paine, the Indian Doctor. I recommend those afflicted to call on the Indian Doctor, he will cure you. JAMES JENNINGS.
220 june12..d2t

Soda Water 5 cents.
171 june9 dlw JACK & HOLLAND.

Fourth July.

The Committee of Citizens and Officers of the Military and Fire Companies are requested to meet in the Hall of No. 3 Fire Company promptly at 8 o'clock, Wednesday night, to perfect arrangements for Prize Money to be given for the 4th July celebration.

J. W. ENGLISH,
june12..dlt Chairman.

If you want to be made happy, call at Jack & Holland's and try their Ice Cream, Soda Water, Lager Beer, Mead, etc., etc.
171 june9 dlw

New Flour.

Send to the Atlanta Flouring Mills and get New Flour made from New Wheat, Corner Hunter and Thompson streets.
june12..dlt H. LEWIS.

Lager Beer, Lager Beer, at
171 june9 dlw JACK & HOLLAND'S.

The Experience of a Lucky Man.

Norfolk Day Book.

Mr. Geo. R. Gornto, the lucky man of Princess Anne county, Va., who drew the $30,000 prize in the Louisiana State Lottery, was heavily in debt, with a mortgage on his farm, and things going behindhand with him generally. He got hold of a copy of the advertisement of the lottery. He determined to make a venture. He had but $5 05 in the world. He wrote to M. A. Dauphin, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, and enclosed $2 in the letter, and was just about to send it off to the post-office by a boy, when a negro hand of his called on him and demanded his wages, which just amounted to $5. He offered the man the $3 he had left, but this was declined by the darkey, who threatened to leave his work just at a critical time unless he got the whole. He took the letter and the two dollars out of it, which, with the $3, he handed to the man.

Thus was he with but fifteen cents cash in the world; and while in this melancholy frame of mind, about an hour afterward, a negro man drove up and bought a load of fodder, amounting to $1 90, not enough to pay for the ticket, but with ten cents in his pocket he made up the amount, and re-wrote the letter and enclosed $2. The next thing that turned up from that $2 was the gratifying intelligence that his ticket had drawn a prize of $30 000, more than enough to raise the mortgage, stock his farm well, and put him on his pins again. Such is luck.
june12 d&wlt

10 cents will buy a nice plate of Ice Cream at JACK & HOLLAND'S.
171 june9 dlw

Heart Shingles as smooth as drawn shingles—best in the city—*cheap*.
W. S WILSON & BRO.,
211 june11...d3t 25 N. Broad street.

Young ladies, bring your sweet-heart to Jack & Holland's Ice Cream Saloon. Nicest place in town. 171 june9...dlw

Fancy Candies at 30, 40, 50 and 75 cents per pound at JACK & HOLLAND'S.
171 june9..dlw

WILHOFT'S FEVER AND AGUE TONIC

A *certain, safe* and *speedy cure* for all diseases of miasmatic origin. It cures in a few days, without danger or inconvenience: Chills and Fever Bilious Fever, Dumb Chills, Pernicious Fever Congestive Chills, Sun Pains, and all diseases of similar character, Enlarged Spleens are reduced as if by magic and Sun Pains are conquered with marvelous rapidity. WHEELOCK, FINLAY & Co, Proprietors, New Orleans.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
627 may1..d&w6m june1...d&w2w

Yes, We Do

Make gold fillings for $1. One trial, and we will do your work in the future. Sets teeth from $5 to $10. Teeth extracted 50c. WM. CRENSHAW, Dentist, Office and residence 24 Whitehall street.
8jan20dtf

There is no one but wants money and it is the easiest thing in the world to obtain a few dollars invested in the Louisiana State Lottery drawing, to take place June 11th, 1878. It is fair and square beyond any peradventure.
219 june11...dtf june2...tf

Cold, cold, cold, cold. Soda Water, Mead, Ginger Ale, Root Beer, and Lager Beer, etc., at JACK & HOLLAND'S.
171 june9 dlw

BARGAINS

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

38 WHITEHALL STREET.

ATLANTA, GA.

GREAT CLEARING OUT SALE BEFORE TAKING OUR ANNUAL INVENTORY.

In order to reduce our immense stock before taking our yearly inventory we have made

Great Reductions

in all departments, and out prices will be found beyond all competition.

A call or an order will be to your own interest.

Respectfully,

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.,

38 Whitehall Street,

Atlanta, Georgia.

N. B.—Special bargains are offered in our Black and Colored Silks, and in Black Grenadines.
297 feb17...dtf 4th p

FRUIT JARS, All Kinds.
MILLVILLE ATMOSPHERIC FRUIT JARS,
CHAMPION FREEZERS.
FLY FANS and TRAPS
to Merchants at manufacturers prices by
McBRIDE & CO.
249 nov11...dly 4pg

Advice on the Uses and Abuses of Spectacles. Imperfect Sight.

There is no branch of science of which it is more important that a general knowledge should be diffused than that branch which treats of the various imperfections of sight, and the remedies for them. To relieve an organ which is the source of the most refined pleasure is certainly a desirable object. To determine whether Spectacles will be advantageous or detrimental, and what kind will best suit their sight; and so instruct those who already used glasses that they may discover whether those they have chosen are adapted to the imperfection of their sight, or are such as will increase their complaint and weaken their eyes. There is one obstacle more dangerous than all—that is the divided glass. The lower or divided glasses are cut in halves and a portion of each mounted in a large circular frame; in this description of Spectacles, the two segments of lenses are united as firmly as possible in the medium line, the most convex or reading lens is below the least convex above, so that simply dropping the eyes or raising them, the person can see near or distant objects. These Spectacles are objectionable, because the medium line where they are attached together is exactly in front of the pupil of each eye. In reading the rays on the retina, and the distant glass is on the other side of the retina. and the rays of the reading glass form before they reach the retina, which causes confusion, fatigue and headache. ALEX FOX, Optician, 39 Whitehall street, in G. H. Miller's Silverware Establishment. may16...dtf

—How sad that in our daily life we neglect so many things necessary to our well being. The man of business with an eye only to his credit in the financial world, the individual of elegant leisure whose only aim is to array himself to the best advantage, the young lady who idly listening to spring's divine harmonies, feels not the approach of disease in the feeling of languor which possesses her—all alike surrender too easily to the advance-guard of disease, when, by a judicious investment in Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, a long array of ills is put to rout. Buy Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, and rid yourself of disorders arising from a torpid liver. Price 50cts. For sale by Collier & Co., and E. M. Berry.
441 ay2...deowly&weowly

—People of all classes will acknowledge that in this world much depends upon our financial condition, yet not many wisely reflect that our financial condition depends upon our physical. Yet it is even so, for who can labor without health, and who can accumulate money without labor? Hence, the importance of using Cousens' Compound Honey of Tar, which is a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Throat, and Lungs. Remember you can buy a bottle of the Compound Honey of Tar for 5cts. For sale by Collier & Co., and E. M. Berry.
41 may2...deowly&weowly

If you want anything in the confectionary line call at
171 june9 dlw JACK & HOLLAND'S.

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS

Louisiana State Lottery—M A Dauphin,
Milk Cows at auction to-day—D P Ellis & Co
Drugs, etc—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.
Schedule—Atlanta and Charlotte Railway.
Dr Bull's Blood Mixture.
New flour from new wheat—H Lewis.
Fourth July—J W English.
Schedule—Central and Southwestern R R.
Deafness cured—Alonzo Paine.
Boarders wanted—57 Marietta.
Cow for sale—F M H Henderson
Good board—Cannon House.
Houses for sale—W J Garrett
New opening—G R Boaz.
Cottage for sale or rent—W S Bell.
Paints, oils, etc—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.
Gold bracelet lost—W H Clayton.
Southern Female College—I F Cox.
Furniture and groceries at auction to-day—D P Ellis & Co,

Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes,
Carpets and House Furnishing Goods!

IN EACH of these departments we have recently made heavy purchases in New York, in the dullest part of the season and in attendance on the important forced and Bankrupt sales, we can offer the most desirable styles of goods at prices beyond competition. We have opened this week

A Large Invoice of Black and Colored Silks,
Also, Summer Silks

And having bought four times as many as the trade ordinarily demands, we have marked them prices that will insure their speedy sale.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

Our first stock of Dress Goods for this season having been almost entirely exhausted, we offer in this department an entirely new assortment, both in styles and fabrics, among them Goods of the latest importation and of styles that could not be found early in the season—a look through this department is the only way to get an adequate idea of the extent, variety and beauty of this stock.

White Goods, White Goods

Victoria Lawns, French Mull, India Mull, Swiss Suitings, White Linen Lawns, Towels, Table Linens, and a variety of other goods in this department that we offer under value. Pant Goods in Linens and Cassimeres—a big stock.
Everything in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Exclusive Agents Burt's Celebrated Shoes.

Our stock in our Boot and Shoe store was never so complete. We keep all the best makes, and have our stock manufactured from selected material. We can show such variety of styles, beauty of finish that an inspection of our stock is all that is necessary to be suited in this line. Call and examine our stock of Gent's Shoes, Ladies' Shoes, Misses' Shoes, Children's Shoes,

At Prices that You Will Like.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Our Carpet and House Furnishing Stock is now full and we have the newest designs in this department that can be shown, and at prices that will approve.

Fresh New Goods, in Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, Ingrains, Wool and half Wool Carpets, Lace Curtains, Lace Lambrequins, Reps for Lambrequins, Shades, etc., etc.

Call and examine our entire stock, as we have many things that will interest you that cannot be mentioned in this notice.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,
66 and 68 Whitehall Street.
000 mar17..dtf 4th p

Stove Wood, Stove Wood, Lime, Coal, Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Oak and Chestnut Posts always on hand and LOWEST market price.
W. S. WILSON & BRO.,
211 june11 d3t Cor. Broad and Walton.

Cheapest Furniture House in Georgia

One hundred Dressing Case and Parlo Suits, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Marble and Extension Tables. Also, the celebrated Woven Wire Mattress—coolest Spring Bed in use *Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest*. Call at P. H. Snook's Marietta and Broad streets. 609 may31...dtf

Wanted—2,000 Ice Cream customers at JACK & HOLLAND'S.
171 june9 dlw

FINANCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, June 11, 1878.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying.........100 | Selling.........101
EXCHANGE—
Buying at.........par | Selling.........¼ prem.

BONDS—

N. E. R. R. 7s	95@103	Atlanta City 7s	97@100
Trinity Ch'h 8s	100@101	Atlanta City 8s	105@108
Georgia 6s	100@102	Atlanta 10s	110@113
Georgia 7s	107@109	Augusta City 7s	97@100
Georgia 7s gold	107@109	Savannah City	50@55
Georgia 8s	102@112	Macon City	60@65
Western R R of Ala. 1st m'tge	104@107	Ga. R. R. 7s	102@105
		Ga. R. R. 6s	95@97
		A. & W. P. R. R.	110@112
Western R R of Ala. 2d m'tge, endorsed by Ga & Cent RR	104@107	Central R. R. 7s	103@105
		So. West RR 7s	100@102
		M. & W. R. R. 7s	100@102
Mont & W P RR 1st mortgage	104@107	W & A RR Lesees, 10 per ct income bonds	98@100
Atlanta Water	98@102		

STOCKS—

Georgia R.R.	69@71	SouthWes R.R.	88@91
Central R.R.	52@55	Atlanta Str't RR	95@100
A. & W. P. R. R.	98@100		

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, June 11.—*Noon.*—Stocks heavy. Money 3@3½. Gold 100⅛. Exchange—long $4 85; short $4 87. State Bonds quiet. Governments steady.

NEW YORK, June 11.—*Evening.*—Money easy at 3. Sterling steady. Gold firm at 101. Governments firm; new fives 5¾. State Bonds quiet.

Stocks closed strong.

N. Y. Central	111	Preferred	76⅛
Erie	15¾	Pittsburg	82
Lake Shore	62⅝	Rock Island	115¼
Illinois Central	85¼	Western Union	85¼
Chicago & N. W.	51⅞		

Sub-treasury balances:
Gold.........$125,115,025 Currency...$41,777,375
Sub-treasury payments:
Interest.........$20,000 Bonds.........$18,600
Customs receipts to-day $166,000.

COMMERCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, June 11, 1878.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Middling to strict middling 10⅝@10¾c; lower grades no demand.

BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK, June 11—*Noon*—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 1,021 bales; uplands 11 7-16; Orleans 11 9-16; futures quiet.

June	11.57@11 59	September	11 39@11.41
July	11.62@11.64	October	11.18@11 20
August	11.66	November	11.04@11.06

NEW YORK, June 11.—*Evening*—Cotton quiet; uplands 11⅛; Orleans 11⅝; sales 748 bales; net receipts to-day none; gross 832; futures closed steady; sales 18,000 bales.

June	11 58	December	11.06@11 07
July	11 63	January	11.12@11.14
August	11.68	February	11.19@11 21
September	11 62	March	11 28@11.30
October	11.21	April	11.39@11.40
November	11 07@11.08	May	11.48@11.50

Consolidated net receipts.........5,949

GALVESTON, June 11.—Cotton nominal; middlings 11; net receipts 271 bales; no sales; exports coastwise 142.

NEW ORLEANS, June 11.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 11¼; low middlings 10⅝; good ordinary 9⅝; net receipts 456 bales; gross 1,328; sales 1,200; exports to Great Britain 1,331.

MOBILE, June 11.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅞; net receipts 94 bales; sales 200; exports coastwise 224.

SAVANNAH, June 11.—Cotton steady; middlings 10⅝; net receipts 262 bales; gross 262; sales 75; exports coastwise 450.

CHARLESTON, June 11.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11; net receipts 63 bales; sales 50.

WILMINGTON, June 11.—Cotton firm and unchanged; middlings 10⅝; net receipts 66 bales; sales 9.

NORFOLK, June 11—Cotton steady; middlings 11; net receipts 113 bales; sales 40; exports coastwise 175.

BALTIMORE, June 11—Cotton firm; middlings 11⅛; net receipts 17 bales; gross 153; sales 186; spinners 75; exports coastwise 25.

BOSTON, June 11.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 11⅛; net receipts 520 bales; gross 525

PHILADELPHIA, June 11—Cotton quiet; middlings 11⅜; gross receipts 56 bales; sales 223; spinners 31.

MEMPHIS, June 11—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 11; net receipts 269 bales; sales 530.

AUGUSTA, June 11.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾; net receipts 37 bales; sales 63.

Atlanta Produce Market.

EGGS—11½@12c.
BUTTER—Choice 15@18; fair 8@10; common 5@8.
POULTRY—Chickens, cocks 12½@15; hens 20@23.
BEESWAX—Market weak at 26.
FEATHERS—new choice mixed 45@50.
DRIED FRUIT—Peaches, peeled, 7@9; rough ½; apples 2.

Live Stock Market.

Sheep 3@4½; common cattle 3½@4; good cattle 4@4½; choice cattle 4½@5; extra cattle 5@5½ North Georgia cattle 2½@3; Tennessee 4@5.

Grocery Market.

CORN—65@67
MEAL—65.
GRITS—$4 25.
WHEAT—$1 25@$1 35.
WHEAT BRAN—95@$1 00.
OATS—50

HAY—Timothy $1 10; Clover $1 00.
PEAS—90@$1 00, full.
MOLASSES—Barrels 28; no tierces; hhds 26
SYRUP—New Orleans 35@50.
COFFEE—Rio 16@20; old Government Java 28@30
SUGAR—Standard A 10; white extra C 9¾; extra C 9¼; yellows 8@9; New Orleans 8@10.
FLOUR—Fancy $6 25; extra family $6 00; extra $5 50.
BACON—Sugar-cured Hams 10; plain 8; shoulders 5; clear sides 7.
GREEN MEATS—none.
BULK MEATS—Clear rib sides 5¾@6; shoulders none
LARD—Tierces, kits 8½; refined 8¼; kegs, cans and buckets 8@9.
CREAM CHEESE—15.

Miscellaneous.

SALT—Virginia $1 50; Liverpool $1 10.
LIME—$1 00@$1 25.
NAILS—$2 75.
LEATHER—Hemlock sole 20@25; white oak 28@33; Georgia upper 28@40; lining skins $4 00 @9 00 ℔ doz.
HIDES—Dry flint 12½@13; wet salted 7@8; green 5; dry salted 11@12
BAGGING—Gunny none; Domestic 2 lbs 11; Domestic 2¼ lbs 11½; Domestic 2¾ lbs 12.
IRON TIES—℔ bundle $2 40.
POWDER—Blasting $3 50@$4 00; rifle $6 40.
SHOT—Drop $2 25; Buck $2 50.

Fruits and Confectionaries.

FRUITS—Lemons $6 50; bananas, none, apples, western $4 00a$5 00; northern $5 00a$5 00; oranges $3 50a$3 00; cocoa nuts $4 50; Raisins, layers whole, per box, new $2 75; old $2 00; half $1 75 quarters 55@76; currants in bbls 10; Citron, Leghorn, ℔ lb 35; Figs, selected Elemes drums ℔ lb 17½; Dates in frails 8½; Prunes, in bbls, ℔ lb 14a15.

NUTS—Almonds, Languedoc, 22a23; Taragona Pecans 15a17½; Brazil 10; English Walnuts 15@17½; Filberts 15.

Tobacco.

CHEWING—Common, sound 11-inch new ℔ lb 45; common, sound, 11-inch old ℔ lb 47@50; medium, 11-inch, old 50@55; good 11-inch old 55@60; fine 11-inch old 75; Grovely $1 00; Calhoun $1 25; natural leaf $1 00; Durham smoking, assorted, 60.

Dry Goods.

Ticking 6@20; stripes 9@12½; osnaburgs 9½@10½; cambrics 6@7; prints 5½@7½; brown sheetings 7@7½; shirtings 6@7; bleach sheetings 7@7½; shirtings 4½@13; Domestic 4-4 7⅛ 8 6¾; 3-4 5½@5¾; yarns 85@95.

BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK, June 11.—Flour without decided change; closing quiet; southern flour quiet and about steady; export $5 75@$6 25; common to fair extra $4 90@$5 75; good to choice extra $5 75@$7 00. Wheat slightly in buyers' favor; very moderate export inquiry; spring No. 2 $1 12; ungraded western red $1 13@$1 17. Corn heavy and a shade lower; ungraded 40@45¾. Oats a shade firmer. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar dull and unchanged; refined in moderate demand; standard A 8⅞@9. Molasses dull and unchanged. Rice in fair demand and unchanged; Carolina 6½@7¼. Petroleum, refined dull; 11¼ bid. Tallow firm at 7 1-16@7¼. Rosin dull at $1 47½@$1 52½. Turpentine quiet at 30¼. Pork dull and lower. mess $10 00@$10 20. Lard opened firmer; closed lower; prime steam 7.10. Whisky active.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Flour unchanged. Wheat in fair demand; No. 2 Chicago spring 98⅝ @98¾ cash; June 98⅝; July 94⅜; August 88⅝; No. 3 Chicago spring 83¼. Corn fairly active; cash 36⅞; July 37¼; August 38⅜. Oats fairly active; cash 23⅜; July 23⅝@23⅞. Rye firmer at 52½@52⅞. Barley dull; nominally 48¼. Pork in fair demand; cash $8 85; July $8 85@$8 87½. Lard active; cash 6.58¾; July 6 72½. Bulk Meats steady and unchanged. Whisky $1 04.

Receipts—Flour 7,500; Wheat 52,000; Corn 275,000; Oats 32,000; Rye 6,000; Barley 3,600.

Shipments—Flour 7,500; Wheat 8 800; Corn 185,-204,300; Oats 120,000; Barley 880.

At the close, Wheat was firmer: June 98⅞; July 98⅝. Corn dull: June 36⅛@36⅜; July 37@37⅛. Oats easier and ⅛c lower. Pork in fair demand; July $8 77½. Lard easier; July 6.70@6.72½; August 6 80@6.82½.

ST. LOUIS, June 11—Flour unsettled and lower to sell; small sales of choice at $4 65@$4 85; extra fall $4 50@$4 60. Wheat unsettled No. 3 red fall 99¼@$1 00. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 35¾. Oats firmer. Rye 51. Whisky steady at $1 05. Pork dull; jobbing at $ $9 50. Lard inactive at 6 65 at East St. Louis. Bulk Meats quiet and weaker; shoulders 4; clear rib sides 5; clear sides 5¼. Bacon dull; shoulders 4⅝, clear rib sides 5⅝; clear sides 5.70@5.80. Cattle quiet and unchanged for shipping; others dull; grass Texas steers 1 75@2 75; cows 1.50@2 50; corn fed Texas steers 3.15@3 75. Hogs active and lower; shipping 3.15@3.20.

CINCINNATI, June 11—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat inactive; red 98@$1 03. Corn dull at 41@42. Oats quiet at 26@29. Rye steady; fair demand at 55⅛. Barley dull and nominal. Pork dull; held at $9 50. Lard in fair demand at higher prices; current make 6.60 asked; kettle 7½ @7⅞. Bulk Meats in good demand: shoulders 4 10@4 25; short rib middles 5 05; short clear middles 5⅜. Bacon dull; shoulders 4⅜; clear rib sides 5⅝@5⅞; clear sides 5⅞@6. Whisky in good demand at $1 03. Butter quiet and unchanged. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Live Hogs active; packing 3.35@3 55; receipts 2,728; shipments 1,111.

LOUISVILLE, June 11.—Flour dull; extra $3 2 @$3 50; family $4 00@$4 50. Wheat in fair demand; red 95; amber and white $1 00. Corn in fair demand; white 42½; mixed 40. Oats dull; white 30; mixed 31. Rye dull at 58. Pork easier at $9 00@$9 50. Lard quiet; choice leaf tierces 8; kegs 8½@8⅝. Bulk Meats easier; shoulders 4⅜@4½; clear rib sides 5½@5⅝; clear sides 5⅞@5⅞. Bacon easier; shoulders 4⅞; clear rib sides 5⅝. Whisky active at $1 03. Manufactured Tobacco quiet and unchanged.

BALTIMORE, June 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat, southern firm and higher; western quiet; southern red $1 00@$1 16; amber $1 15@$1 19; No 2 western winter red spot $1 13¼; June $1 13¼; July $1 10¼. Corn, southern firm and higher; western quiet and easier; souther white 53@54; yellow 48.

SHIPPING NEWS

SAVANNAH, June 11.—Arrived—steamship City of Savannah, New York; Gen. Barnes, New York.

CHARLESTON, June 11.—Arrived—steamer City of Charleston, New York. Cleared—Gulf Stream New York

NEW YORK, June 11.—Arrived—Bothnia, from Liverpool; Canada, from London.

QUEENSTOWN, June 11.—Arrived—Batavia from Boston.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 11.—Arrived—Othello, from New York.

GLASGOW, June 11—Arrived—State of Virginia from New York.

New Advertisements.

Southern Female College,
(LAGRANGE.)

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES. Sermon, June 16th, by Rev W. L. Kilpatrick. Senior Exhibition, Monday; address by Capt. Jno. A. Foster. Drama at night. Clio Ion Celebration, Tuesday: address by F. H. Richardson, Esq. Grand Concert at night. Commencement Day, Wednesday: address by Hon. Jos. F. Pou. Ga. and A. & W. Pt R R's pass visitors on *one fare*.
122 june12 dlt I. F. COX, President.

HEADQUARTERS
— FOR —
Drugs, Paints, Oils, &c.

WE offer to the trade and all classes of buyers, the largest stock of every description of desirable goods in our line of business, in the South, on most favorable terms.
HUNT RANKIN & LAMAR,
DRUGGISTS.

Oils! Oils! Oils!

100 barrels MACHINE OIL—very cheap.
50 barrels LARD OIL.
1000 gallons LINSEED OIL.
A large stock of all kinds of OILS at better prices than any house in the South.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
DRUGGISTS.

PULVERMACHER'S
Electro-Galvanic Belts,
A SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
000 june12..dtf DRUGGISTS.

Where to Spend the Summer.

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